



# Camp Profile: As Salamyiah (1-2)

Ninewa governorate, Iraq  
August 2018

Management agency: ACTED

## Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in As Salamyiah (1-2) camp. Primary data was collected through 71 randomly sampled household surveys between 2 July and 7 August 2018. Findings are statistically representative at the camp level with a 90% confidence level and 10% margin of error, with target sample sizes based on population figures provided by camp managers.<sup>1</sup> Additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

## Camp Overview

Number of individuals: 28,978<sup>2</sup>

Number of households: 5,357<sup>2</sup>

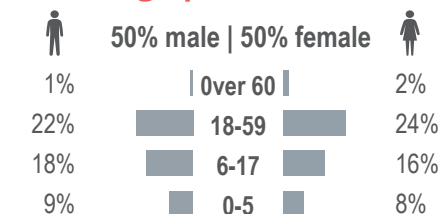
Date opened: 7/15/2015

Main shelter type: Tent

Planned capacity: 6,540

Camp area: 1,657,588m<sup>2</sup>

## Demographics

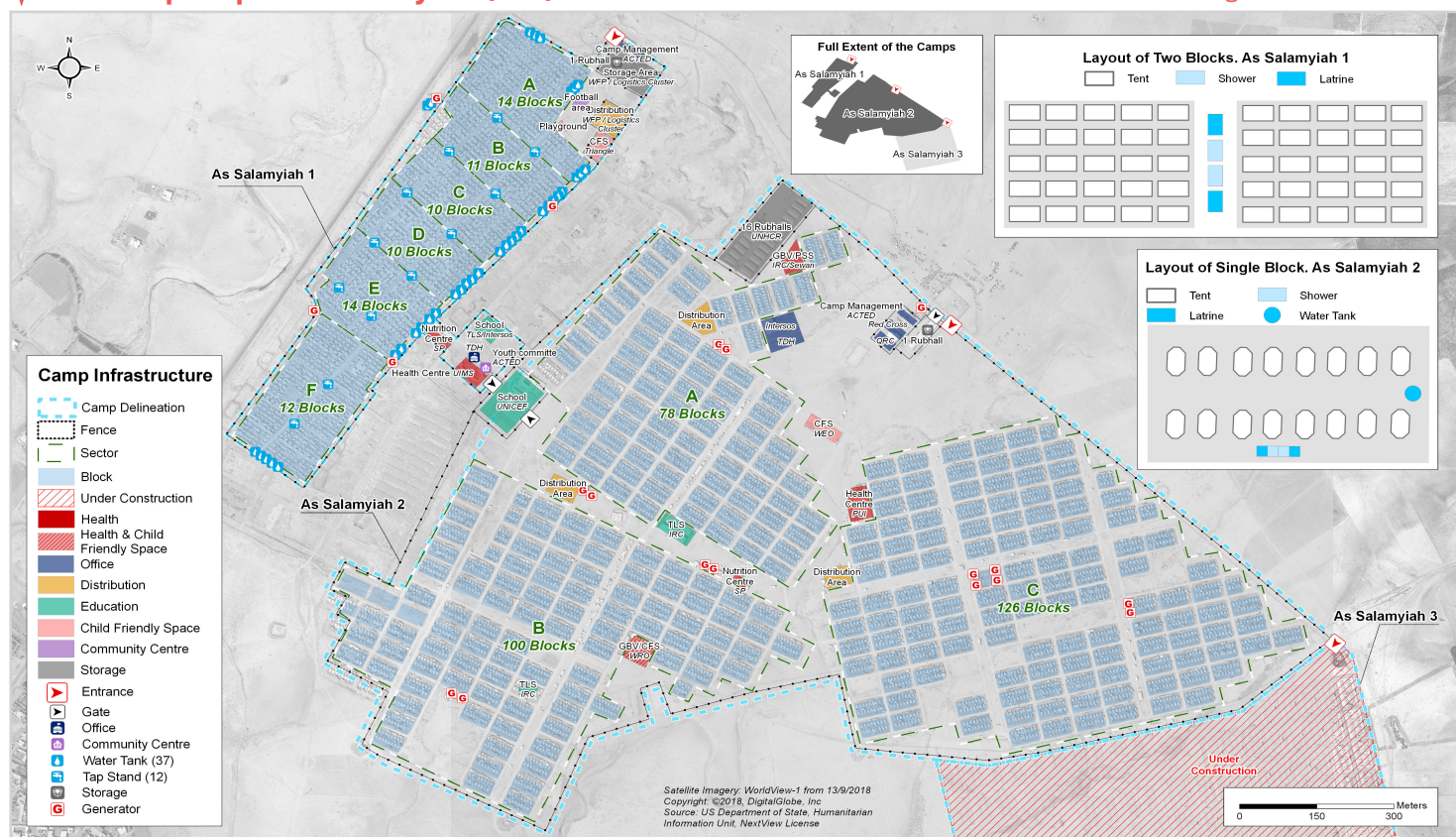


## Location Map



## IDP Camp Map - As Salamyiah (1-2)

Lat. 36° 9' 13.067" N Long. 43° 20' 5.837" E



## Sectoral Minimum Standards

		Target	Previous Round <sup>3</sup>	Current Round	
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school	100%	N/A	43%	●
	% of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100%	N/A	12%	●
Food	% of households accessing Public Distribution Systems (PDS) in the month prior to data collection <sup>4</sup>	100%	N/A	41%	●
Health	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance (less than 5km)	Yes	N/A	Yes	●
CCCM	Average open area per household	min. 30m <sup>2</sup>	N/A	264m <sup>2</sup>	●
Protection	% of households reported having at least one member with lost, damaged or expired documentation	0%	N/A	6%	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	min 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	N/A	5m <sup>2</sup>	●
	Average number of individuals per shelter	max 5	N/A	5	●
WASH	# of persons per latrine	max. 20	N/A	28	●
	# of persons per shower	max. 20	N/A	28	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal at least weekly	min. weekly	N/A	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation.

● Minimum standard reached, ● 50-99% of minimum standard reached, ● Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all.

<sup>1</sup>Findings of a subset of the population may have a wider margin of error, with anything below a minimum confidence level of 90% and a margin of error of 10% considered indicative.

<sup>2</sup>Camp population and household figures from CCCM camp managers at time of data collection. The camp population as of September 2018 is 28,399 households and 5,293 individuals according to national CCCM cluster figures.

<sup>3</sup>We do not have representative data from the previous round, as this camp was assessed as part of a larger camp with As Salamyiah Nimrud.

<sup>4</sup>PDS rations do not necessarily include the full basket provided by the WFP Family Food Parcel or equivalent.



# Camp Profile: As Salamyiah (1-2)



## Protection and Intentions

### Vulnerable Groups

Proportion of population identified as vulnerable:

31% Pregnant/lactating women 7% Individuals with disabilities  
9% Chronically ill individuals 31% Female-headed households

### Movement Intentions

48% of households listed rehabilitation of homes in their AoO as a priority need in order to return.

### Freedom of Movement

100% reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market for livelihood opportunities).



## Information and Priority Needs

Top three information needs:

Accessing humanitarian assistance 70%  
Finding job opportunities 64%  
Information about returns 41%

Top three reported priority needs:

Food 83%  
Healthcare 58%  
Employment 49%



## Shelter and NFIs

Of the 100% that reported concerns with their shelter, the top three needs were:

Improve privacy and dignity 51%  
Improve safety and security 38%  
Weather protection 36%

Of the 100% that reported NFI needs, the top three were:

Soft bedding items 80%  
Mattresses/sleeping mats 65%  
Blankets 54%



## Education

Reported attendance rates of formal education by age and sex:

35% male | 23% female  
44% 6 - 11 42%  
20% 12 - 17 4%

Of the 83% of households that reported their children **did not receive education** in the 30 days prior to data collection, the top three barriers included:

- Cannot afford to pay
- Child disinterested
- Missed too much class to now start

\*Respondents could select multiple needs or reasons. Therefore, results may exceed 100%.

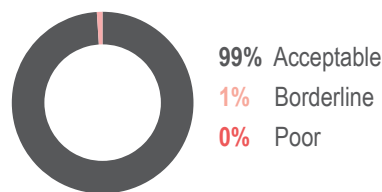
\*Findings are based on a small subset of the sample population and are therefore considered indicative rather than statistically generalizable to all in-camp households.

\*Food consumption score calculated according to United Nations World Food Programme most recent technical guidelines, as of February 2008.



## Food Security and Livelihoods

### Household Food Consumption Score (FCS)<sup>6</sup>



### Food Consumption Coping Strategies

100% of households reported using some form of consumption-based coping strategy in the 30 days prior to data collection. The most common of which were:

Spend savings 80%  
Buy food on credit 70%  
Sell assets 55%

### Household Income and Expenditure

Median monthly household income: 170,000 IQD (143 USD)<sup>7,8</sup>

Median monthly expenditure per household: 149,000 IQD (125 USD)<sup>7</sup>

7% of adults reported working in the 30 days prior to data collection.

Top three household income sources:

Savings 64%  
Selling assistance 57%  
Employment 22%

Top three monthly household expenditures:

Food 44%  
Healthcare 27%  
NFIs 7%



## WASH

Top two primary sources of drinking water over the 7 days prior to data collection:

Water trucking 71%  
Network (communal access) 23%

100% of households had access to public or communal latrines, and 9% had access to private latrines.

100% of households reported collection services as their main method of waste disposal.



## Health

Of the 46% of households who required healthcare services in the three months prior to data collection, **88% reported facing barriers to access**, with the top three barriers including:

- High cost of healthcare
- Unqualified hospital staff
- Unqualified pharmacy staff

\*Exchange rate of 1 USD: 1192.3 IQD, sourced from [xe.com](http://xe.com) at 7/2/2018.

\*Income includes multiple sources such as employment, savings, selling assistance, and receiving assistance.







# Camp Profile: As Salamyiah Nimrud

Ninewa governorate, Iraq  
August 2018

Management agency: ISHO

## Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in As Salamyiah Nimrud camp. Primary data was collected through 68 randomly sampled household surveys between 2 July and 7 August 2018. Findings are statistically representative at the camp level with a 90% confidence level and 10% margin of error, with target sample sizes based on population figures provided by camp managers.<sup>1</sup> Additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

## Camp Overview

**Number of individuals:** 3,859<sup>2</sup>  
**Number of households:** 807<sup>2</sup>  
**Date opened:** 11/8/2014  
**Main shelter type:** Tent  
**Planned capacity:** 1,670  
**Camp area:** 621,064m<sup>2</sup>

## Demographics

**46% male | 54% female**

**Over 60** 2%  
**18-59** 25%  
**6-17** 19%  
**0-5** 8%

## Location Map



## IDP Camp Map - As Salamyiah Nimrud

Lat. 36° 6' 54.860" N Long. 43° 19' 15.074" E



## Sectoral Minimum Standards

		Target	Previous Round <sup>3</sup>	Current Round	
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school	100%	N/A	62%	●
	% of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100%	N/A	37%	●
Food	% of households accessing Public Distribution Systems (PDS) in the month prior to data collection <sup>4</sup>	100%	N/A	60%	●
Health	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance (less than 5km)	Yes	N/A	Yes	●
CCCM	Average open area per household	min. 30m <sup>2</sup>	N/A	626m <sup>2</sup>	●
Protection	% of households reported having at least one member with lost, damaged or expired documentation	0%	N/A	8%	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	min 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	N/A	5.6m <sup>2</sup>	●
	Average number of individuals per shelter	max 5	N/A	4	●
WASH	# of persons per latrine	max. 20	N/A	55	●
	# of persons per shower	max. 20	N/A	55	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal at least weekly	min. weekly	N/A	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation.

● Minimum standard reached, ● 50-99% of minimum standard reached, ● Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all.

<sup>1</sup> Findings of a subset of the population may have a wider margin of error, with anything below a minimum confidence level of 90% and a margin of error of 10% considered indicative.

<sup>2</sup> Camp population and household figures from CCCM camp managers at time of data collection. The camp population as of September 2018 is 751 households and 3,611 individuals according to national CCCM cluster figures.

<sup>3</sup> We do not have representative data from the previous round, as this camp was assessed as part of a larger camp with As Salamyiah (1-2).

<sup>4</sup> PDS rations do not necessarily include the full basket provided by the WFP Family Food Parcel or equivalent.



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# Camp Profile: As Salamyiah Nimrud



## Protection and Intentions

### Vulnerable Groups

Proportion of population identified as vulnerable:

**24%** Pregnant/lactating women **5%** Individuals with disabilities  
**11%** Chronically ill individuals **40%** Female-headed households

### Movement Intentions

**99%** of households listed safety and security in their AoO as a priority need in order to return.

### Freedom of Movement

**98%** reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market for livelihood opportunities).



## Information and Priority Needs

Top three information needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Finding job opportunities **75%**  
Accessing humanitarian assistance **72%**  
Information about returns **28%**

Top three reported priority needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Food **77%**  
Employment **53%**  
Summer kits **46%**



## Shelter and NFIs

Of the 100% that reported concerns with their shelter, the top three needs were:<sup>\*</sup>

Improve privacy and dignity **73%**  
Weather protection **51%**  
Improve safety and security **35%**

Of the 100% that reported NFI needs, the top three were:<sup>\*</sup>

Soft bedding items **67%**  
Blankets **63%**  
Mattresses/sleeping mats **62%**



## Education

Reported attendance rates of formal education by age and sex:

**53% male | 46% female**

**61%** **6 - 11** **62%**  
**45%** **12 - 17** **28%**

Of the **75%** of households that reported their children **did not receive education** in the 30 days prior to data collection, the top three barriers included:<sup>\*5</sup>

- Cannot afford to pay
- Recently displaced
- Child disinterested

<sup>\*</sup> Respondents could select multiple needs or reasons. Therefore, results may exceed 100%.

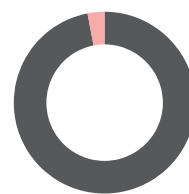
<sup>5</sup> Findings are based on a small subset of the sample population and are therefore considered indicative rather than statistically generalizable to all in-camp households.

<sup>6</sup> Food consumption score calculated according to United Nations World Food Programme most recent technical guidelines, as of February 2008.



## Food Security and Livelihoods

### Household Food Consumption Score (FCS)<sup>6</sup>



**97%** Acceptable  
**3%** Borderline  
**0%** Poor

### Food Consumption Coping Strategies

**89%** of households reported using some form of consumption-based coping strategy in the 30 days prior to data collection. The most common of which were:<sup>\*</sup>

Spend savings **88%**  
Buy food on credit **80%**  
Sell assets **57%**

### Household Income and Expenditure

Median monthly household income: **125,000 IQD (105 USD)<sup>7,8</sup>**

Median monthly expenditure per household: **141,000 IQD (118 USD)<sup>7</sup>**

**10%** of adults reported working in the 30 days prior to data collection.

Top three household income sources:<sup>\*8</sup>

Savings **52%**  
Selling assistance **46%**  
Employment **27%**

Top three monthly household expenditures:<sup>\*</sup>

Food **43%**  
Healthcare **23%**  
NFIs **9%**



## WASH

Top two primary sources of drinking water over the 7 days prior to data collection:<sup>\*</sup>

Water trucking **86%**  
Network (communal access) **14%**

**100%** of households had access to public or communal latrines, and 8% had access to private latrines.<sup>\*</sup>

**100%** of households reported collection services as their main method of waste disposal.



## Health

Of the 28% of households who required healthcare services in the three months prior to data collection, **89% reported facing barriers to access**, with the top three barriers including:<sup>\*5</sup>

- High cost of healthcare
- Unqualified hospital staff
- Unqualified pharmacy staff

<sup>7</sup> Exchange rate of 1 USD: 1192.3 IQD, sourced from [xe.com](http://xe.com) at 7/2/2018.

<sup>8</sup> Income includes multiple sources such as employment, savings, selling assistance, and receiving assistance.







# Camp Profile: Essian

Ninewa governorate, Iraq  
August 2018

Management agency: BRHA

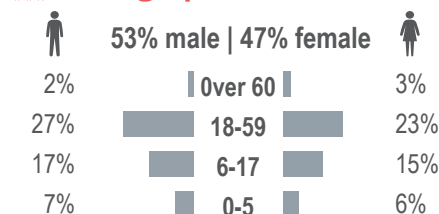
## Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Essian camp. Primary data was collected through 70 randomly sampled household surveys between 2 July and 7 August 2018. Findings are statistically representative at the camp level with a 90% confidence level and 10% margin of error, with target sample sizes based on population figures provided by camp managers.<sup>1</sup> Additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

## Camp Overview

Number of individuals: 14,675<sup>2</sup>  
Number of households: 2,630<sup>2</sup>  
Date opened: 12/7/2014  
Main shelter type: Tent  
Planned capacity: 3,003  
Camp area: 430,570m<sup>2</sup>

## Demographics

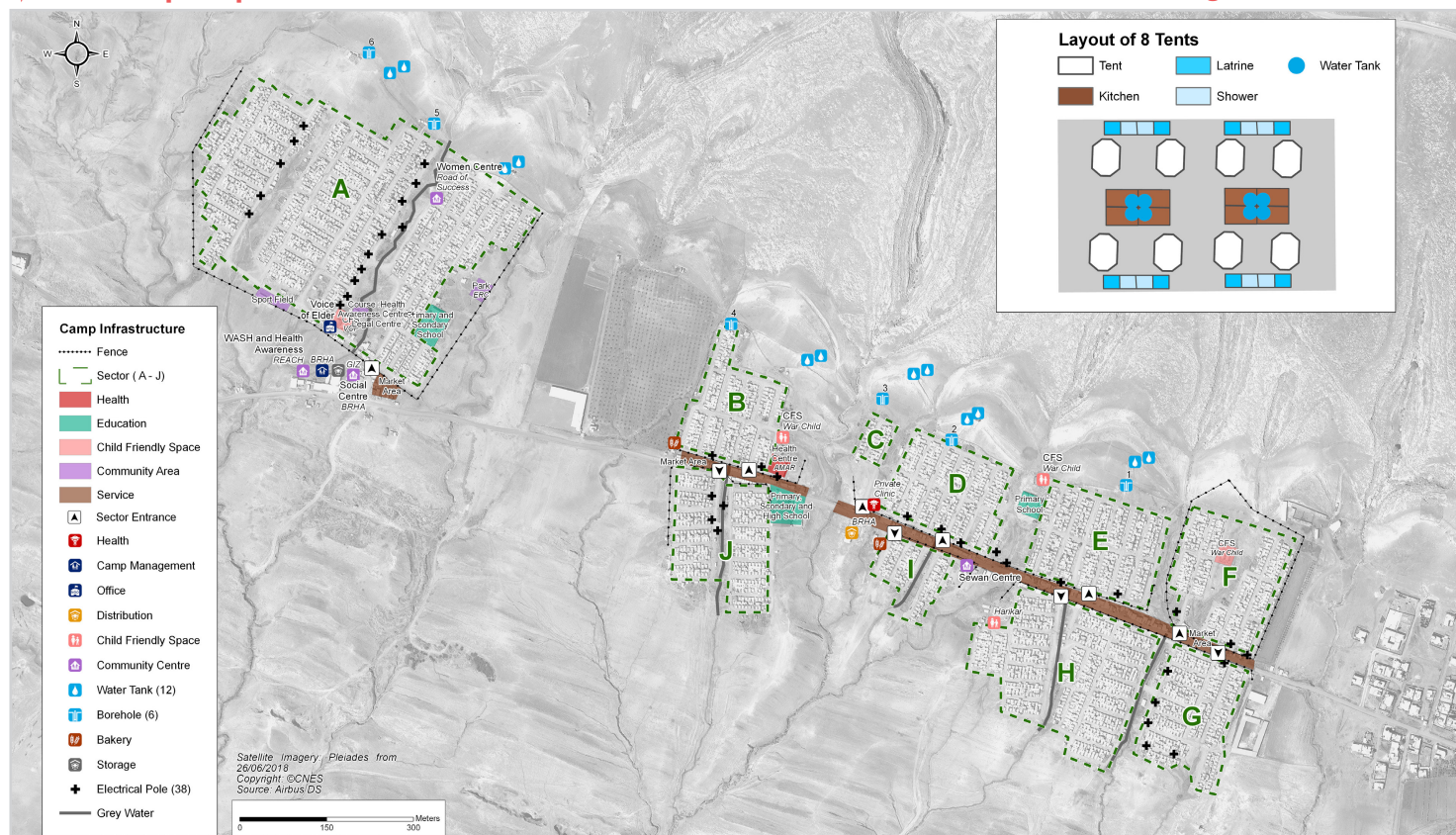


## Location Map



## IDP Camp Map - Essian

Lat. 36° 43' 18.109" N Long. 43° 16' 27.222" E



## Sectoral Minimum Standards

		Target	Previous Round	Current Round	
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school	100%	78%	97%	●
	% of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100%	67%	73%	●
Food	% of households accessing Public Distribution Systems (PDS) in the month prior to data collection <sup>3</sup>	100%	63%	65%	●
Health	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance (less than 5km)	Yes	Yes	Yes	●
CCCM	Average open area per household	min. 30m <sup>2</sup>	128m <sup>2</sup>	129m <sup>2</sup>	●
Protection	% of households reported having at least one member with lost, damaged or expired documentation	0%	9%	10%	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	min 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	3.7m <sup>2</sup>	3.3m <sup>2</sup>	●
	Average number of individuals per shelter	max 5	5	5	●
WASH	# of persons per latrine	max. 20	5	5	●
	# of persons per shower	max. 20	5	5	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal at least weekly	min. weekly	Yes	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation.

● Minimum standard reached, ● 50-99% of minimum standard reached, ● Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all.

<sup>1</sup>Findings of a subset of the population may have a wider margin of error, with anything below a minimum confidence level of 90% and a margin of error of 10% considered indicative.

<sup>2</sup>Camp population and household figures from CCCM camp managers at time of data collection. The camp population as of September 2018 is 2,699 households and 14,879 individuals according to national CCCM cluster figures.

<sup>3</sup>PDS rations do not necessarily include the full basket provided by the WFP Family Food Parcel or equivalent.



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# Camp Profile: Essian



## Protection and Intentions

### Vulnerable Groups

Proportion of population identified as vulnerable:

10% Pregnant/lactating women 1% Individuals with disabilities  
8% Chronically ill individuals 13% Female-headed households

### Movement Intentions

70% of households listed safety and security in their AoO as a priority need in order to return.

### Freedom of Movement

97% reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market for livelihood opportunities).



## Information and Priority Needs

Top three information needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Accessing humanitarian assistance 76%  
Finding job opportunities 51%  
Information about returns 10%

Top three reported priority needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Food 64%  
Healthcare 55%  
Employment 51%



## Shelter and NFIs

Of the 41% that reported concerns with their shelter, the top three needs were:<sup>\*4</sup>

Weather protection 75%  
Protection from hazards 21%  
Improve basic utilities 14%

Of the 91% that reported NFI needs, the top three were:<sup>\*4</sup>

Mattresses/sleeping mats 57%  
Blankets 57%  
Cooking equipment 44%



## Education

Reported attendance rates of formal education by age and sex:

100% 85% 92% male | 75% female 94% 57%  
6 - 11 12 - 17

Of the 30% of households that reported their children **did not receive education** in the 30 days prior to data collection, the top three barriers included:<sup>\*4</sup>

- Cannot afford to pay
- Child disinterested
- Education considered not important

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple needs or reasons. Therefore, results may exceed 100%.

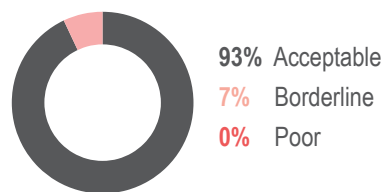
<sup>4</sup>Findings are based on a small subset of the sample population and are therefore considered indicative rather than statistically generalizable to all in-camp households.

<sup>5</sup>Food consumption score calculated according to United Nations World Food Programme most recent technical guidelines, as of February 2008.



## Food Security and Livelihoods

### Household Food Consumption Score (FCS)<sup>5</sup>



### Food Consumption Coping Strategies

80% of households reported using some form of consumption-based coping strategy in the 30 days prior to data collection. The most common of which were:<sup>\*</sup>

Buy food on credit 71%  
Reduce spending 44%  
Sell assets 36%

### Household Income and Expenditure

Median monthly household income: 460,000 IQD (386 USD)<sup>6,7</sup>

Median monthly expenditure per household: 530,000 IQD (445 USD)<sup>6</sup>

31% of adults reported working in the 30 days prior to data collection.

Top three household income sources:<sup>\*7</sup>

Employment 77%  
NGO/charity assistance 55%  
Support from community 13%

Top three monthly household expenditures:<sup>\*</sup>

Food 43%  
Healthcare 24%  
NFIs 9%



## WASH

Top two primary sources of drinking water over the 7 days prior to data collection:<sup>\*</sup>

Network (private access) 57%  
Network (communal access) 44%

0% of households had access to public or communal latrines, and 100% had access to private latrines.<sup>\*</sup>

78% of households reported collection services as their main method of waste disposal.



## Health

Of the 55% of households who required healthcare services in the three months prior to data collection, **95% reported facing barriers to access**, with the top three barriers including:<sup>\*4</sup>

- High cost of healthcare
- High cost of medicines
- No medicine in hospital

<sup>6</sup>Exchange rate of 1 USD: 1192.3 IQD, sourced from [xe.com](http://xe.com) at 7/2/2018.

<sup>7</sup>Income includes multiple sources such as employment, savings, selling assistance, and receiving assistance.







# Camp Profile: Garmawa

Ninewa governorate, Iraq  
August 2018

Management agency: BRHA

## Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Garmawa camp. Primary data was collected through 51 randomly sampled household surveys between 2 July and 7 August 2018. Findings are statistically representative at the camp level with a 90% confidence level and 10% margin of error, with target sample sizes based on population figures provided by camp managers.<sup>1</sup> Additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

## Camp Overview

Number of individuals: 731<sup>2</sup>  
Number of households: 133<sup>2</sup>  
Date opened: 6/21/2014  
Main shelter type: Tent  
Planned capacity: 1,196  
Camp area: 286,979m<sup>2</sup>

## Demographics

48% male | 52% female

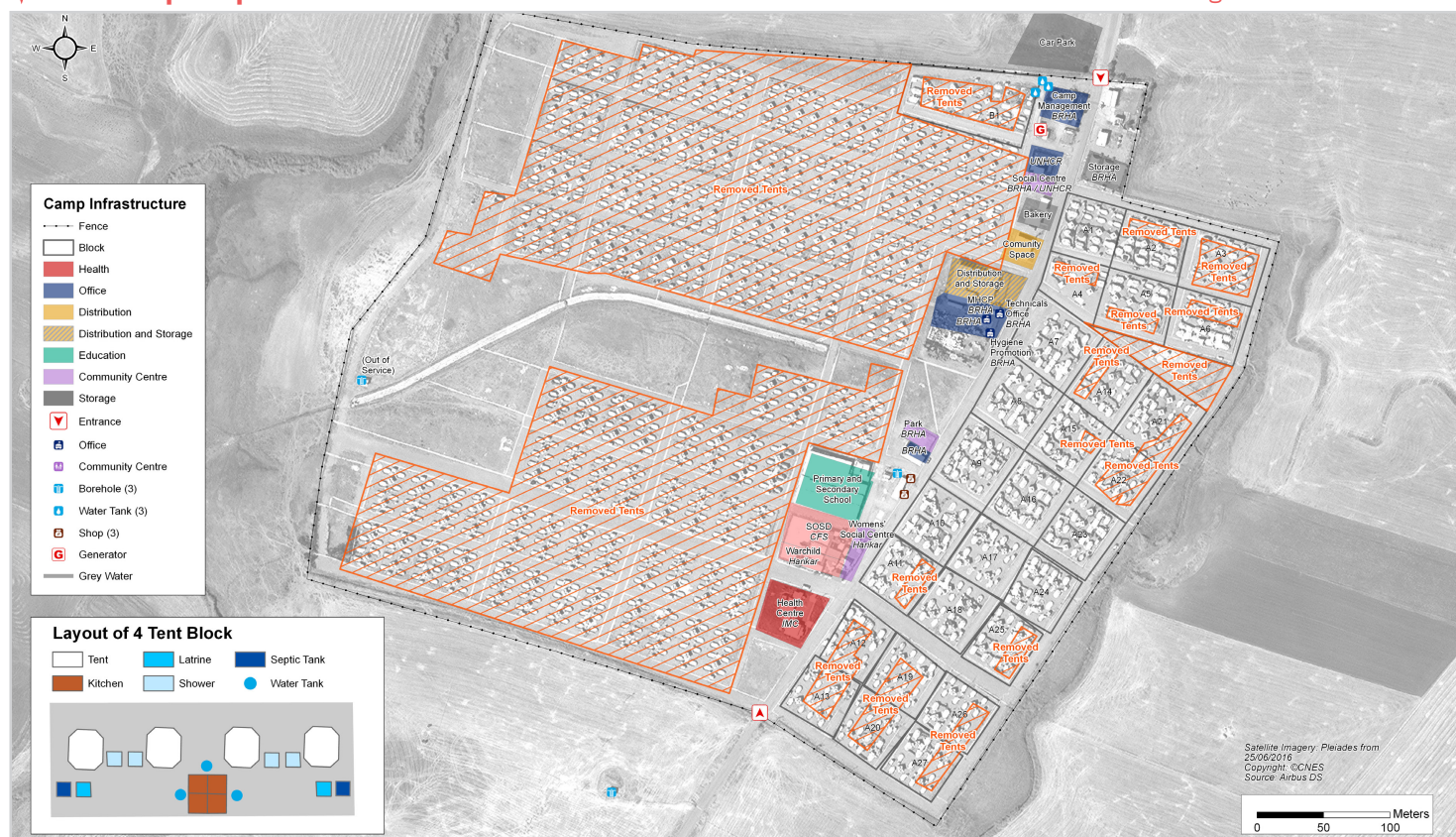
Age Group	Male (%)	Female (%)
Over 60	0%	1%
18-59	17%	19%
6-17	20%	21%
0-5	11%	11%

## Location Map



## IDP Camp Map - Garmawa

Lat. 36° 38' 51.682" N Long. 43° 14' 12.803" E



## Sectoral Minimum Standards

		Target	Previous Round	Current Round	
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school	100%	74%	78%	●
	% of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100%	50%	64%	●
Food	% of households accessing Public Distribution Systems (PDS) in the month prior to data collection <sup>3</sup>	100%	54%	29%	●
Health	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance (less than 5km)	Yes	Yes	Yes	●
CCCM	Average open area per household	min. 30m <sup>2</sup>	2,054m <sup>2</sup>	1,834m <sup>2</sup>	●
Protection	% of households reported having at least one member with lost, damaged or expired documentation	0%	3%	4%	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	min 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	4.6m <sup>2</sup>	4.2m <sup>2</sup>	●
	Average number of individuals per shelter	max 5	4	4	●
WASH	# of persons per latrine	max. 20	1	1	●
	# of persons per shower	max. 20	1	1	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal at least weekly	min. weekly	Yes	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation.

● Minimum standard reached, ● 50-99% of minimum standard reached, ● Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all.

<sup>1</sup>Findings of a subset of the population may have a wider margin of error, with anything below a minimum confidence level of 90% and a margin of error of 10% considered indicative.

<sup>2</sup>Camp population and household figures from CCCM camp managers at time of data collection. The camp population as of September 2018 is 134 households and 734 individuals according to national CCCM cluster figures.

<sup>3</sup>PDS rations do not necessarily include the full basket provided by the WFP Family Food Parcel or equivalent.



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# Camp Profile: Garmawa



## Protection and Intentions

### Vulnerable Groups

Proportion of population identified as vulnerable:

**19%** Pregnant/lactating women **3%** Individuals with disabilities  
**10%** Chronically ill individuals **22%** Female-headed households

### Movement Intentions

**58%** of households listed information on situation in AoO as a priority need in order to return.

### Freedom of Movement

**53%** reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market for livelihood opportunities).



## Information and Priority Needs

Top three information needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Accessing humanitarian assistance **64%**  
Finding job opportunities **55%**  
Information about returns **29%**

Top three reported priority needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Food **76%**  
Healthcare **57%**  
Employment **45%**



## Shelter and NFIs

Of the 84% that reported concerns with their shelter, the top three needs were:<sup>\*4</sup>

Weather protection **57%**  
Improve basic utilities **35%**  
Improve safety and security **30%**

Of the 96% that reported NFI needs, the top three were:<sup>\*</sup>

Air water cooler **49%**  
Mattresses/sleeping mats **47%**  
Heating fuel **41%**



## Education

Reported attendance rates of formal education by age and sex:

**69% male | 76% female**

**71%** **6 - 11** **84%**  
**67%** **12 - 17** **60%**

Of the **54%** of households that reported their children **did not receive education** in the 30 days prior to data collection, the top three barriers included:<sup>\*4</sup>

- Child disinterested
- Education considered not important
- Child stays at home to assist with household chores

<sup>\*</sup> Respondents could select multiple needs or reasons. Therefore, results may exceed 100%.

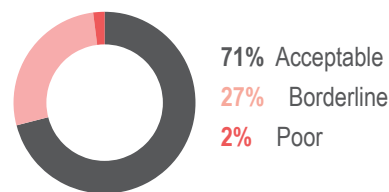
<sup>4</sup> Findings are based on a small subset of the sample population and are therefore considered indicative rather than statistically generalizable to all in-camp households.

<sup>5</sup> Food consumption score calculated according to United Nations World Food Programme most recent technical guidelines, as of February 2008.



## Food Security and Livelihoods

### Household Food Consumption Score (FCS)<sup>5</sup>



### Food Consumption Coping Strategies

**100%** of households reported using some form of consumption-based coping strategy in the 30 days prior to data collection. The most common of which were:<sup>\*</sup>

Buy food on credit **90%**  
Spend savings **67%**  
Sell assets **65%**

### Household Income and Expenditure

Median monthly household income: **67,000 IQD (56 USD)<sup>6,7</sup>**

Median monthly expenditure per household: **137,000 IQD (115 USD)<sup>6</sup>**

**30%** of adults reported working in the 30 days prior to data collection.

Top three household income sources:<sup>\*7</sup>

Employment **69%**  
Loans/debts **37%**  
Support from community **25%**

Top three monthly household expenditures:<sup>\*</sup>

Food **62%**  
Healthcare **12%**  
Transport **8%**



## WASH

Top two primary sources of drinking water over the 7 days prior to data collection:<sup>\*</sup>

Network (private access) **86%**  
Household dug well **10%**

**35%** of households had access to public or communal latrines, and 65% had access to private latrines.<sup>\*</sup>

**100%** of households reported collection services as their main method of waste disposal.



## Health

Of the 39% of households who required healthcare services in the three months prior to data collection, **85% reported facing barriers to access**, with the top three barriers including:<sup>\*4</sup>

- High cost of healthcare
- High cost of medicines
- No medicine in hospital

<sup>6</sup> Exchange rate of 1 USD: 1192.3 IQD, sourced from [xe.com](http://xe.com) at 7/2/2018.

<sup>7</sup> Income includes multiple sources such as employment, savings, selling assistance, and receiving assistance.



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# Camp Profile: Haj Ali

Ninawa governorate, Iraq  
August 2018

Management agency: IOM

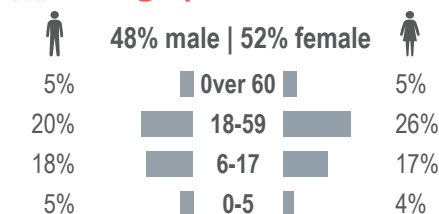
## Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Haj Ali camp. Primary data was collected through 71 randomly sampled household surveys between 2 July and 7 August 2018. Findings are statistically representative at the camp level with a 90% confidence level and 10% margin of error, with target sample sizes based on population figures provided by camp managers.<sup>1</sup> Additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

## Camp Overview

Number of individuals: 18,735<sup>2</sup>  
Number of households: 3,695<sup>2</sup>  
Date opened: 1/10/2015  
Main shelter type: Tent  
Planned capacity: 7,500  
Camp area: 1,075,752m<sup>2</sup>

## Demographics



## Location Map



## IDP Camp Map - Haj Ali

Lat. 35° 44' 56.466" N Long. 43° 19' 32.427" E



## Sectoral Minimum Standards

		Target	Previous Round	Current Round	
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school	100%	11%	8%	●
	% of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100%	12%	17%	●
Food	% of households accessing Public Distribution Systems (PDS) in the month prior to data collection <sup>3</sup>	100%	44%	46%	●
Health	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance (less than 5km)	Yes	Yes	Yes	●
CCCM	Average open area per household	min. 30m <sup>2</sup>	144m <sup>2</sup>	243m <sup>2</sup>	●
Protection	% of households reported having at least one member with lost, damaged or expired documentation	0%	16%	12%	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	min 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	3.7m <sup>2</sup>	3.6m <sup>2</sup>	●
	Average number of individuals per shelter	max 5	5	4	●
WASH	# of persons per latrine	max. 20	23	15	●
	# of persons per shower	max. 20	28	19	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal at least weekly	min. weekly	Yes	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation.

● Minimum standard reached, ● 50-99% of minimum standard reached, ● Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all.

<sup>1</sup> Findings of a subset of the population may have a wider margin of error, with anything below a minimum confidence level of 90% and a margin of error of 10% considered indicative.

<sup>2</sup> Camp population and household figures from CCCM camp managers at time of data collection. The camp population as of September 2018 is 3,294 households and 16,789 individuals according to national CCCM cluster figures.

<sup>3</sup> PDS rations do not necessarily include the full basket provided by the WFP Family Food Parcel or equivalent.



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# Camp Profile: Haj Ali



## Protection and Intentions

### Vulnerable Groups

Proportion of population identified as vulnerable:

**15%** Pregnant/lactating women **10%** Individuals with disabilities  
**20%** Chronically ill individuals **46%** Female-headed households

### Movement Intentions

**52%** of households listed rehabilitation of homes in their AoO as a priority need in order to return.

### Freedom of Movement

**100%** reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market for livelihood opportunities).



## Information and Priority Needs

Top three information needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Finding job opportunities **70%**  
Accessing humanitarian assistance **67%**  
Information about returns **34%**

Top three reported priority needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Food **76%**  
Education for children **51%**  
Healthcare **49%**



## Shelter and NFIs

Of the 85% that reported concerns with their shelter, the top three needs were:<sup>\*4</sup>

Improve safety and security **45%**  
Protection from hazards **45%**  
Improve privacy and dignity **45%**

Of the 100% that reported NFI needs, the top three were:<sup>\*</sup>

Air water cooler **71%**  
Mattresses/sleeping mats **69%**  
Soft bedding items **57%**



## Education

Reported attendance rates of formal education by age and sex:

**18% male | 8% female**

**10%** **6 - 11** **7%**  
**26%** **12 - 17** **9%**

Of the **87%** of households that reported their children **did not receive education** in the 30 days prior to data collection, the top three barriers included:<sup>\*4</sup>

- Cannot afford to pay
- No space in school
- Child stays at home to assist with household chores

<sup>\*</sup> Respondents could select multiple needs or reasons. Therefore, results may exceed 100%.

<sup>4</sup> Findings are based on a small subset of the sample population and are therefore considered indicative rather than statistically generalizable to all in-camp households.

<sup>5</sup> Food consumption score calculated according to United Nations World Food Programme most recent technical guidelines, as of February 2008.



## Food Security and Livelihoods

### Household Food Consumption Score (FCS)<sup>5</sup>



**97%** Acceptable  
**3%** Borderline  
**0%** Poor

### Food Consumption Coping Strategies

**95%** of households reported using some form of consumption-based coping strategy in the 30 days prior to data collection. The most common of which were:<sup>\*</sup>

Buy food on credit **69%**  
Spend savings **69%**  
Sell assets **58%**

### Household Income and Expenditure

Median monthly household income: **200,000 IQD (168 USD)<sup>6,7</sup>**

Median monthly expenditure per household: **156,000 IQD (131 USD)<sup>6</sup>**

**8%** of adults reported working in the 30 days prior to data collection.

Top three household income sources:<sup>\*7</sup>

Savings **46%**  
Selling assistance **45%**  
Employment **40%**

Top three monthly household expenditures:<sup>\*</sup>

Food **48%**  
Healthcare **14%**  
NFIs **11%**



## WASH

Top two primary sources of drinking water over the 7 days prior to data collection:<sup>\*</sup>

Network (communal access) **74%**  
Network (private access) **26%**

**100%** of households had access to public or communal latrines, and 0% had access to private latrines.<sup>\*</sup>

**94%** of households reported collection services as their main method of waste disposal.



## Health

Of the 46% of households who required healthcare services in the three months prior to data collection, **94% reported facing barriers to access**, with the top three barriers including:<sup>\*4</sup>

- High cost of healthcare
- Unqualified hospital staff
- High cost of medicines

<sup>6</sup> Exchange rate of 1 USD: 1192.3 IQD, sourced from [xe.com](http://xe.com) at 7/2/2018.

<sup>7</sup> Income includes multiple sources such as employment, savings, selling assistance, and receiving assistance.



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# Camp Profile: Hamam Al Alil 1

Ninawa governorate, Iraq  
August 2018

Management agency: ISHO

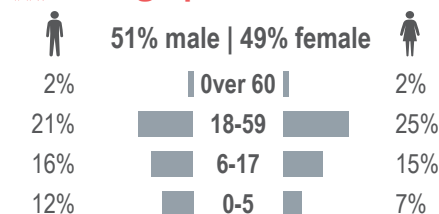
## Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Hamam Al Alil 1 camp. Primary data was collected through 71 randomly sampled household surveys between 2 July and 7 August 2018. Findings are statistically representative at the camp level with a 90% confidence level and 10% margin of error, with target sample sizes based on population figures provided by camp managers.<sup>1</sup> Additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

## Camp Overview

Number of individuals: 17,704<sup>2</sup>  
Number of households: 3,839<sup>2</sup>  
Date opened: 1/5/2017  
Main shelter type: Tent  
Planned capacity: 3,993  
Camp area: 755,589m<sup>2</sup>

## Demographics



## Location Map



## IDP Camp Map - Hamam Al Alil 1

Lat. 36° 9' 43.322" N Long. 43° 14' 49.094" E



## Sectoral Minimum Standards

		Target	Previous Round	Current Round	
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school	100%	31%	33%	●
	% of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100%	10%	35%	●
Food	% of households accessing Public Distribution Systems (PDS) in the month prior to data collection <sup>3</sup>	100%	40%	55%	●
Health	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance (less than 5km)	Yes	Yes	Yes	●
CCCM	Average open area per household	min. 30m <sup>2</sup>	153m <sup>2</sup>	156m <sup>2</sup>	●
Protection	% of households reported having at least one member with lost, damaged or expired documentation	0%	19%	15%	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	min 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	3.7m <sup>2</sup>	4m <sup>2</sup>	●
	Average number of individuals per shelter	max 5	5	5	●
WASH	# of persons per latrine	max. 20	30	26	●
	# of persons per shower	max. 20	42	35	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal at least weekly	min. weekly	Yes	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation.

● Minimum standard reached, ● 50-99% of minimum standard reached, ● Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all.

<sup>1</sup> Findings of a subset of the population may have a wider margin of error, with anything below a minimum confidence level of 90% and a margin of error of 10% considered indicative.

<sup>2</sup> Camp population and household figures from CCCM camp managers at time of data collection. The camp population as of September 2018 is 3,634 households and 16,017 individuals according to national CCCM cluster figures.

<sup>3</sup> PDS rations do not necessarily include the full basket provided by the WFP Family Food Parcel or equivalent.



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# Camp Profile: Hamam Al Alil 1



## Protection and Intentions

### Vulnerable Groups

Proportion of population identified as vulnerable:

**23%** Pregnant/lactating women **7%** Individuals with disabilities  
**11%** Chronically ill individuals **29%** Female-headed households

### Movement Intentions

**56%** of households listed rehabilitation of homes in their AoO as a priority need in order to return.

### Freedom of Movement

**97%** reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market for livelihood opportunities).



## Information and Priority Needs

Top three information needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Accessing humanitarian assistance **76%**  
Finding job opportunities **62%**  
Information about returns **38%**

Top three reported priority needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Food **79%**  
Healthcare **50%**  
Employment **49%**



## Shelter and NFIs

Of the 100% that reported concerns with their shelter, the top three needs were:<sup>\*</sup>

Improve privacy and dignity **60%**  
Weather protection **43%**  
Improve safety and security **31%**

Of the 100% that reported NFI needs, the top three were:<sup>\*</sup>

Mattresses/sleeping mats **73%**  
Soft bedding items **63%**  
Blankets **54%**



## Education

Reported attendance rates of formal education by age and sex:

**41% male | 26% female**

**43%** **6 - 11** **23%**  
**39%** **12 - 17** **31%**

Of the **82%** of households that reported their children **did not receive education** in the 30 days prior to data collection, the top three barriers included:<sup>\*4</sup>

- Cannot afford to pay
- Child disinterested
- No space in school

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple needs or reasons. Therefore, results may exceed 100%.

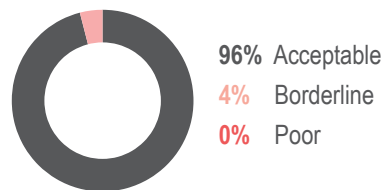
<sup>4</sup>Findings are based on a small subset of the sample population and are therefore considered indicative rather than statistically generalizable to all in-camp households.

<sup>5</sup>Food consumption score calculated according to United Nations World Food Programme most recent technical guidelines, as of February 2008.



## Food Security and Livelihoods

### Household Food Consumption Score (FCS)<sup>5</sup>



### Food Consumption Coping Strategies

**99%** of households reported using some form of consumption-based coping strategy in the 30 days prior to data collection. The most common of which were:<sup>\*</sup>

Spend savings **82%**  
Sell assets **68%**  
Buy food on credit **67%**

### Household Income and Expenditure

Median monthly household income: **210,000 IQD (176 USD)<sup>6,7</sup>**

Median monthly expenditure per household: **180,000 IQD (151 USD)<sup>6</sup>**

**14%** of adults reported working in the 30 days prior to data collection.

Top three household income sources:<sup>\*7</sup>

Savings **70%**  
Selling assistance **46%**  
Employment **22%**

Top three monthly household expenditures:<sup>\*</sup>

Food **41%**  
Healthcare **19%**  
NFIs **14%**



## WASH

Top two primary sources of drinking water over the 7 days prior to data collection:<sup>\*</sup>

Network (communal access) **54%**  
Water trucking **36%**

**100%** of households had access to public or communal latrines, and 12% had access to private latrines.<sup>\*</sup>

**96%** of households reported collection services as their main method of waste disposal.



## Health

Of the 40% of households who required healthcare services in the three months prior to data collection, **93% reported facing barriers to access**, with the top three barriers including:<sup>\*4</sup>

- High cost of healthcare
- Unqualified hospital staff
- High cost of medicines

<sup>6</sup>Exchange rate of 1 USD: 1192.3 IQD, sourced from [xe.com](http://xe.com) at 7/2/2018.

<sup>7</sup>Income includes multiple sources such as employment, savings, selling assistance, and receiving assistance.



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# Camp Profile: Hamam Al Ali 2

Ninewa governorate, Iraq  
August 2018

Management agency: NRC

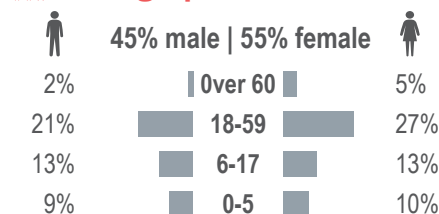
## Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Hamam Al Ali 2 camp. Primary data was collected through 71 randomly sampled household surveys between 2 July and 7 August 2018. Findings are statistically representative at the camp level with a 90% confidence level and 10% margin of error, with target sample sizes based on population figures provided by camp managers.<sup>1</sup> Additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

## Camp Overview

Number of individuals: 21,383<sup>2</sup>  
Number of households: 4,187<sup>2</sup>  
Date opened: 6/5/2017  
Main shelter type: Tent  
Planned capacity: 4,656  
Camp area: 1,384,054m<sup>2</sup>

## Demographics

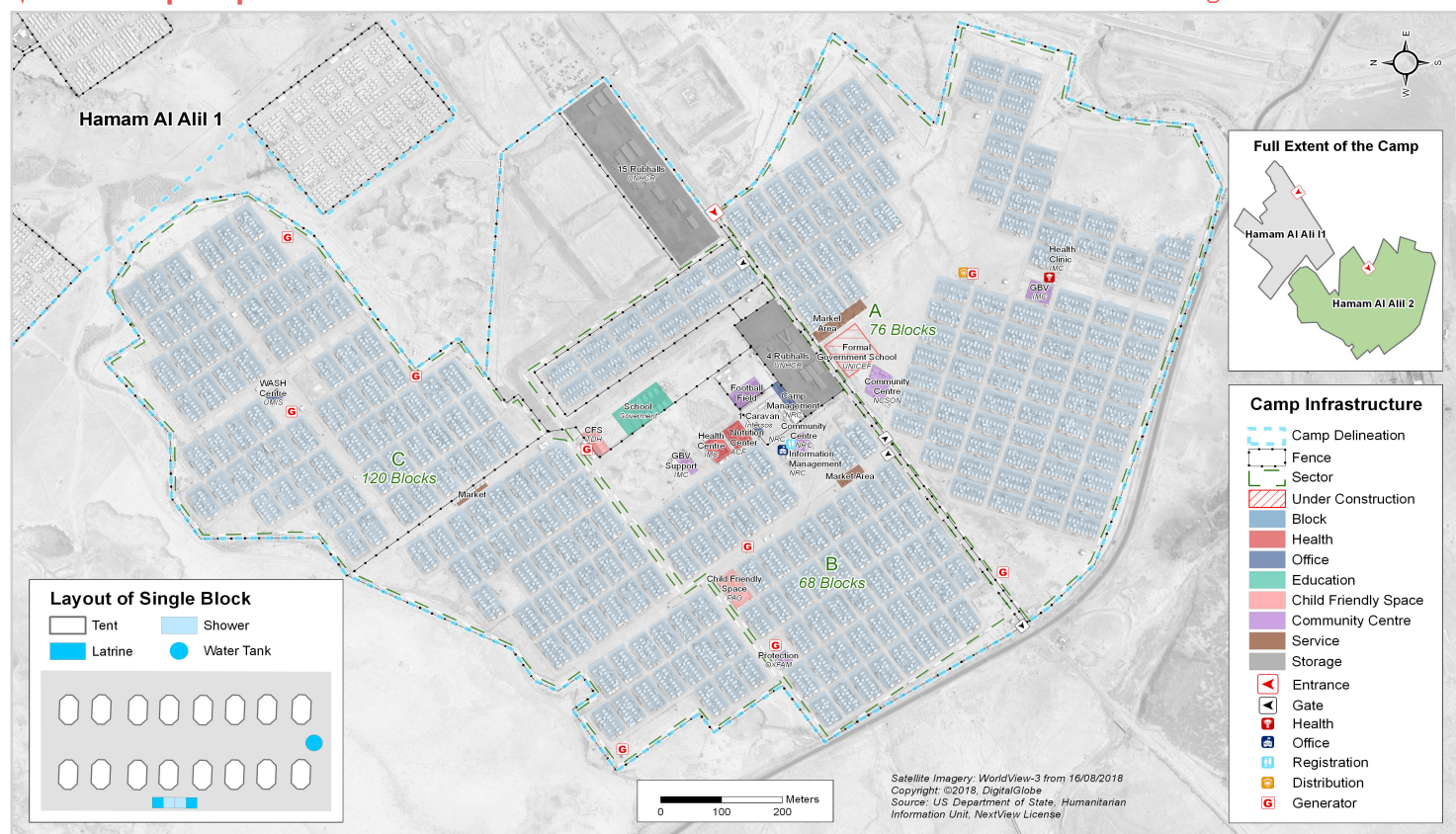


## Location Map



## IDP Camp Map - Hamam Al Ali 2

Lat. 36° 9' 14.871" N Long. 43° 14' 16.898" E



## Sectoral Minimum Standards

		Target	Previous Round	Current Round	
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school	100%	22%	53%	●
	% of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100%	14%	33%	●
Food	% of households accessing Public Distribution Systems (PDS) in the month prior to data collection <sup>3</sup>	100%	31%	48%	●
Health	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance (less than 5km)	Yes	Yes	Yes	●
CCCM	Average open area per household	min. 30m <sup>2</sup>	294m <sup>2</sup>	295m <sup>2</sup>	●
Protection	% of households reported having at least one member with lost, damaged or expired documentation	0%	13%	14%	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	min 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	3.7m <sup>2</sup>	3.6m <sup>2</sup>	●
	Average number of individuals per shelter	max 5	5	5	●
WASH	# of persons per latrine	max. 20	37	37	●
	# of persons per shower	max. 20	37	37	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal at least weekly	min. weekly	Yes	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation.

● Minimum standard reached, ● 50-99% of minimum standard reached, ● Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all.

<sup>1</sup>Findings of a subset of the population may have a wider margin of error, with anything below a minimum confidence level of 90% and a margin of error of 10% considered indicative.

<sup>2</sup>Camp population and household figures from CCCM camp managers at time of data collection. The camp population as of September 2018 is 4,101 households and 20,816 individuals according to national CCCM cluster figures.

<sup>3</sup>PDS rations do not necessarily include the full basket provided by the WFP Family Food Parcel or equivalent.



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# Camp Profile: Hamam Al Alil 2



## Protection and Intentions

### Vulnerable Groups

Proportion of population identified as vulnerable:

18% Pregnant/lactating women 4% Individuals with disabilities  
8% Chronically ill individuals 34% Female-headed households

### Movement Intentions

74% of households listed safety and security in their AoO as a priority need in order to return.

### Freedom of Movement

100% reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market for livelihood opportunities).



## Information and Priority Needs

Top three information needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Accessing humanitarian assistance 76%  
Finding job opportunities 56%  
Information about returns 34%

Top three reported priority needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Food 78%  
Employment 60%  
Healthcare 52%



## Shelter and NFIs

Of the 100% that reported concerns with their shelter, the top three needs were:<sup>\*</sup>

Improve privacy and dignity 57%  
Protection from hazards 40%  
Improve safety and security 38%

Of the 100% that reported NFI needs, the top three were:<sup>\*</sup>

Soft bedding items 84%  
Mattresses/sleeping mats 62%  
Blankets 51%



## Education

Reported attendance rates of formal education by age and sex:

41% male | 52% female  
50% 6 - 11 55%  
29% 12 - 17 43%

Of the 79% of households that reported their children **did not receive education** in the 30 days prior to data collection, the top three barriers included:<sup>\*4</sup>

- Cannot afford to pay
- Child disinterested
- No space in school

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple needs or reasons. Therefore, results may exceed 100%.

<sup>4</sup>Findings are based on a small subset of the sample population and are therefore considered indicative rather than statistically generalizable to all in-camp households.

<sup>5</sup>Food consumption score calculated according to United Nations World Food Programme most recent technical guidelines, as of February 2008.



## Food Security and Livelihoods

### Household Food Consumption Score (FCS)<sup>5</sup>



97% Acceptable  
3% Borderline  
0% Poor

### Food Consumption Coping Strategies

87% of households reported using some form of consumption-based coping strategy in the 30 days prior to data collection. The most common of which were:<sup>\*</sup>

Spend savings 85%  
Buy food on credit 75%  
Sell assets 58%

### Household Income and Expenditure

Median monthly household income: 170,000 IQD (143 USD)<sup>6,7</sup>

Median monthly expenditure per household: 145,000 IQD (122 USD)<sup>6</sup>

5% of adults reported working in the 30 days prior to data collection.

Top three household income sources:<sup>\*7</sup>

Savings 60%  
Selling assistance 51%  
Employment 25%

Top three monthly household expenditures:<sup>\*</sup>

Food 51%  
Healthcare 18%  
NFIs 10%



## WASH

Top two primary sources of drinking water over the 7 days prior to data collection:<sup>\*</sup>

Water trucking 89%  
Network (communal access) 11%

100% of households had access to public or communal latrines, and 8% had access to private latrines.<sup>\*</sup>

98% of households reported collection services as their main method of waste disposal.



## Health

Of the 31% of households who required healthcare services in the three months prior to data collection, **76% reported facing barriers to access**, with the top three barriers including:<sup>\*4</sup>

- High cost of healthcare
- Unqualified hospital staff
- High cost of medicines

<sup>6</sup>Exchange rate of 1 USD: 1192.3 IQD, sourced from [xe.com](http://xe.com) at 7/2/2018.

<sup>7</sup>Income includes multiple sources such as employment, savings, selling assistance, and receiving assistance.







# Camp Profile: Hasansham U2

Ninewa governorate, Iraq  
August 2018

Management agency: BCF

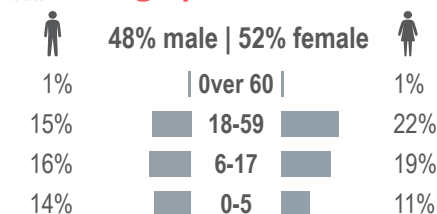
## Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Hasansham U2 camp. Primary data was collected through 68 randomly sampled household surveys between 2 July and 7 August 2018. Findings are statistically representative at the camp level with a 90% confidence level and 10% margin of error, with target sample sizes based on population figures provided by camp managers.<sup>1</sup> Additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

## Camp Overview

Number of individuals: 4,749<sup>2</sup>  
Number of households: 927<sup>2</sup>  
Date opened: 11/19/2014  
Main shelter type: Tent  
Planned capacity: 1,560  
Camp area: 415,596m<sup>2</sup>

## Demographics

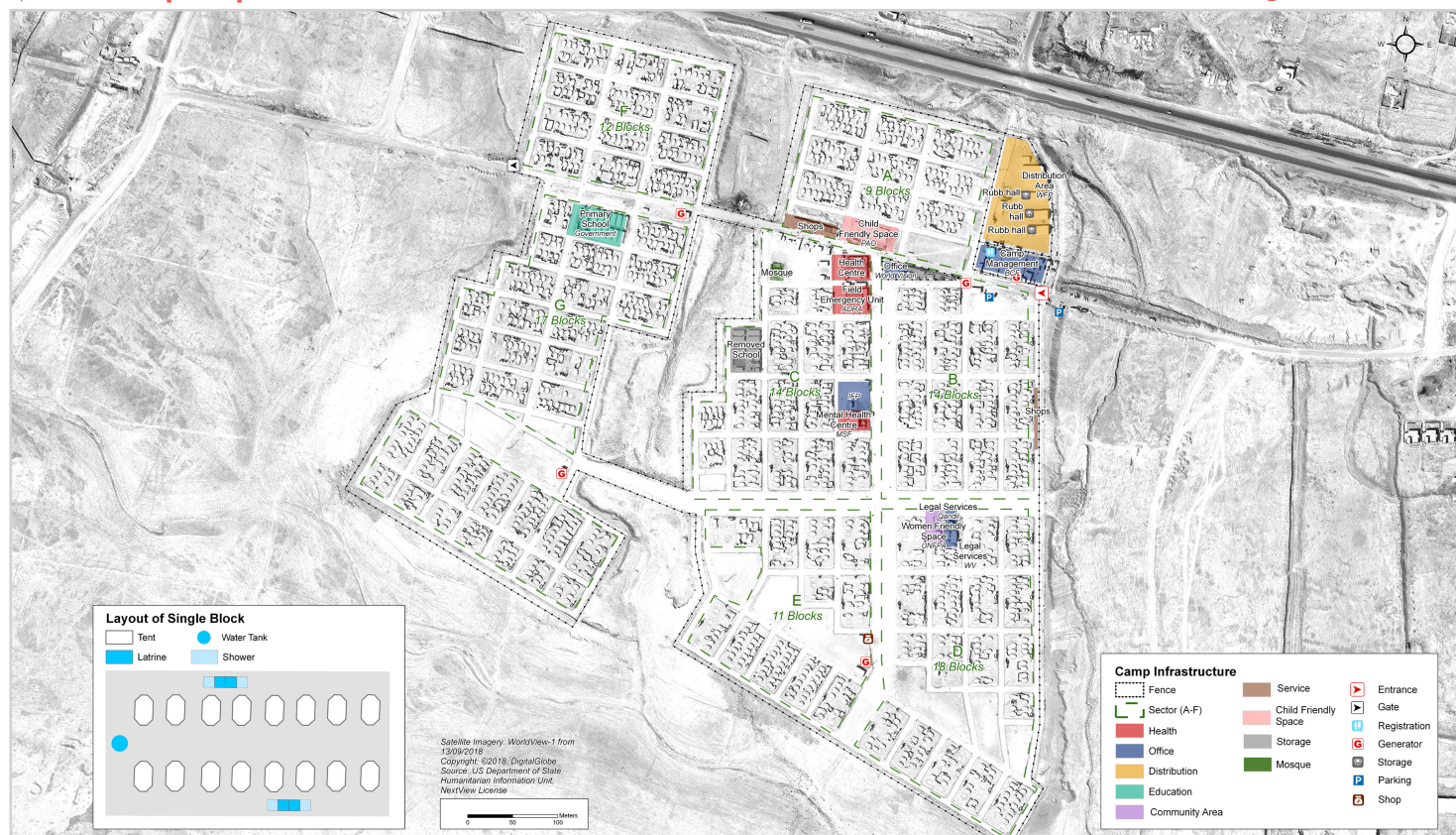


## Location Map



## IDP Camp Map - Hasansham U2

Lat. 36°18'34.0"N Long. 43°31'37.3"E



## Sectoral Minimum Standards

		Target	Previous Round	Current Round	
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school	100%	26%	76%	●
	% of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100%	19%	40%	●
Food	% of households accessing Public Distribution Systems (PDS) in the month prior to data collection <sup>3</sup>	100%	41%	43%	●
Health	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance (less than 5km)	Yes	Yes	Yes	●
CCCM	Average open area per household	min. 30m <sup>2</sup>	457m <sup>2</sup>	379m <sup>2</sup>	●
Protection	% of households reported having at least one member with lost, damaged or expired documentation	0%	6%	15%	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	min 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	5.4m <sup>2</sup>	5.3m <sup>2</sup>	●
	Average number of individuals per shelter	max 5	4	4	●
WASH	# of persons per latrine	max. 20	11	12	●
	# of persons per shower	max. 20	11	12	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal at least weekly	min. weekly	Yes	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation.

● Minimum standard reached, ● 50-99% of minimum standard reached, ● Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all.

<sup>1</sup> Findings of a subset of the population may have a wider margin of error, with anything below a minimum confidence level of 90% and a margin of error of 10% considered indicative.

<sup>2</sup> Camp population and household figures from CCCM camp managers at time of data collection. The camp population as of September 2018 is 978 households and 4,703 individuals according to national CCCM cluster figures.

<sup>3</sup> PDS rations do not necessarily include the full basket provided by the WFP Family Food Parcel or equivalent.



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# Camp Profile: Hasansham U2



## Protection and Intentions

### Vulnerable Groups

Proportion of population identified as vulnerable:

**16%** Pregnant/lactating women **5%** Individuals with disabilities  
**7%** Chronically ill individuals **33%** Female-headed households

### Movement Intentions

**64%** of households listed safety and security in their AoO as a priority need in order to return.

### Freedom of Movement

**86%** reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market for livelihood opportunities).



## Information and Priority Needs

Top three information needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Finding job opportunities **67%**  
Accessing humanitarian assistance **54%**  
Security restrictions in the camp **28%**

Top three reported priority needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Employment **58%**  
Shelter support **53%**  
Food **45%**



## Shelter and NFIs

Of the 92% that reported concerns with their shelter, the top three needs were:<sup>\*4</sup>

Improve safety and security **67%**  
Weather protection **67%**  
Improve privacy and dignity **63%**

Of the 98% that reported NFI needs, the top three were:<sup>\*</sup>

Mattresses/sleeping mats **58%**  
Clothing **55%**  
Soft bedding items **47%**



## Education

Reported attendance rates of formal education by age and sex:

**53% male | 69% female**

**65%** 6 - 11 **86%**  
**35%** 12 - 17 **43%**

Of the **51%** of households that reported their children **did not receive education** in the 30 days prior to data collection, the top three barriers included:<sup>\*4</sup>

- Child disinterested
- Recently displaced
- Child disabled

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple needs or reasons. Therefore, results may exceed 100%.

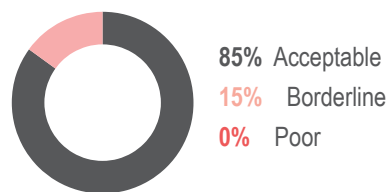
<sup>\*4</sup>Findings are based on a small subset of the sample population and are therefore considered indicative rather than statistically generalizable to all in-camp households.

<sup>5</sup>Food consumption score calculated according to United Nations World Food Programme most recent technical guidelines, as of February 2008.



## Food Security and Livelihoods

### Household Food Consumption Score (FCS)<sup>5</sup>



### Food Consumption Coping Strategies

**83%** of households reported using some form of consumption-based coping strategy in the 30 days prior to data collection. The most common of which were:<sup>\*</sup>

Spend savings **74%**  
Buy food on credit **70%**  
Sell assets **61%**

### Household Income and Expenditure

Median monthly household income: **57,500 IQD (48 USD)<sup>6,7</sup>**

Median monthly expenditure per household: **90,000 IQD (76 USD)<sup>6</sup>**

**13%** of adults reported working in the 30 days prior to data collection.

Top three household income sources:<sup>\*7</sup>

Selling assistance **74%**  
Loans/debts **35%**  
Employment **26%**

Top three monthly household expenditures:<sup>\*</sup>

Food **71%**  
NFIs **9%**  
Servicing debt **7%**



## WASH

Primary source of drinking water over the 7 days prior to data collection:<sup>\*</sup>

Network (communal access) **100%**

**100%** of households had access to public or communal latrines, and 0% had access to private latrines.<sup>\*</sup>

**89%** of households reported collection services as their main method of waste disposal.



## Health

Of the 41% of households who required healthcare services in the three months prior to data collection, **63% reported facing barriers to access**, with the top three barriers including:<sup>\*4</sup>

- High cost of healthcare
- No medicine in pharmacy
- Unqualified pharmacy staff

<sup>6</sup>Exchange rate of 1 USD: 1192.3 IQD, sourced from [xe.com](http://xe.com) at 7/2/2018.

<sup>7</sup>Income includes multiple sources such as employment, savings, selling assistance, and receiving assistance.







# Camp Profile: Hasansham U3

Ninewa governorate, Iraq  
August 2018

Management agency: BCF

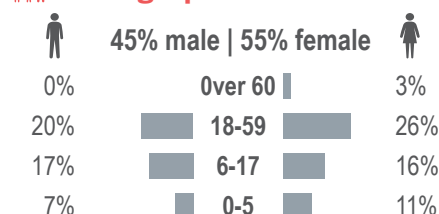
## Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Hasansham U3 camp. Primary data was collected through 69 randomly sampled household surveys between 2 July and 7 August 2018. Findings are statistically representative at the camp level with a 90% confidence level and 10% margin of error, with target sample sizes based on population figures provided by camp managers.<sup>1</sup> Additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

## Camp Overview

Number of individuals: 5,413<sup>2</sup>  
Number of households: 1,132<sup>2</sup>  
Date opened: 5/9/2017  
Main shelter type: Tent  
Planned capacity: 1,936  
Camp area: 459,323m<sup>2</sup>

## Demographics

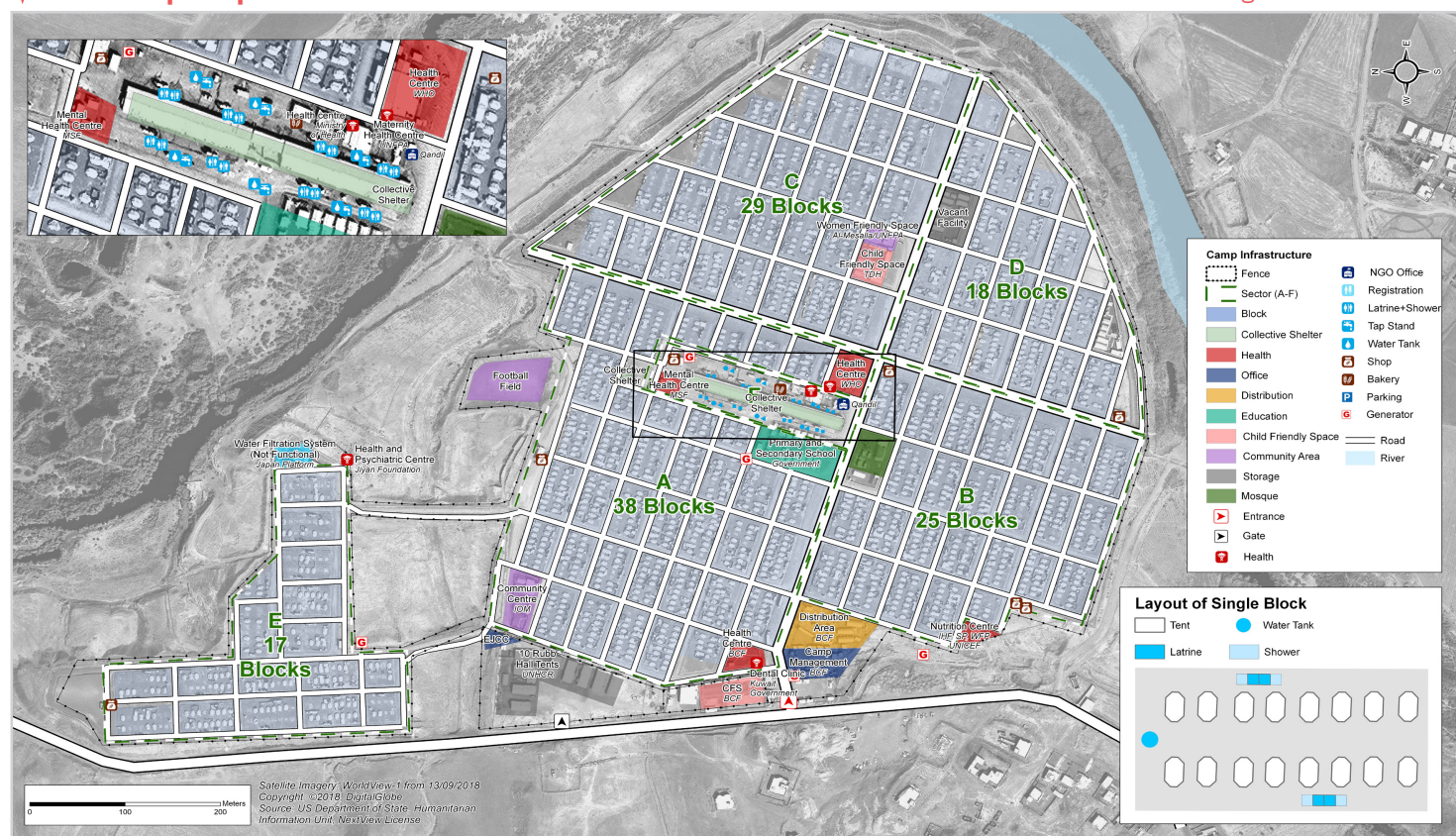


## Location Map



## IDP Camp Map - Hasansham U3

Lat. 36° 19' 27.289" N Long. 43° 32' 8.65" E



## Sectoral Minimum Standards

		Target	Previous Round	Current Round	
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school	100%	26%	65%	●
	% of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100%	45%	59%	●
Food	% of households accessing Public Distribution Systems (PDS) in the month prior to data collection <sup>3</sup>	100%	22%	48%	●
Health	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance (less than 5km)	Yes	Yes	Yes	●
CCCM	Average open area per household	min. 30m <sup>2</sup>	335m <sup>2</sup>	346m <sup>2</sup>	●
Protection	% of households reported having at least one member with lost, damaged or expired documentation	0%	12%	15%	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	min 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	3.7m <sup>2</sup>	3.9m <sup>2</sup>	●
	Average number of individuals per shelter	max 5	4	4	●
WASH	# of persons per latrine	max. 20	12	11	●
	# of persons per shower	max. 20	12	11	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal at least weekly	min. weekly	Yes	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation.

● Minimum standard reached, ● 50-99% of minimum standard reached, ● Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all.

<sup>1</sup>Findings of a subset of the population may have a wider margin of error, with anything below a minimum confidence level of 90% and a margin of error of 10% considered indicative.

<sup>2</sup>Camp population and household figures from CCCM camp managers at time of data collection. The camp population as of September 2018 is 1,174 households and 5,634 individuals according to national CCCM cluster figures.

<sup>3</sup>PDS rations do not necessarily include the full basket provided by the WFP Family Food Parcel or equivalent.



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# Camp Profile: Hasansham U3



## Protection and Intentions

### Vulnerable Groups

Proportion of population identified as vulnerable:

14% Pregnant/lactating women 4% Individuals with disabilities  
9% Chronically ill individuals 44% Female-headed households

### Movement Intentions

76% of households listed safety and security in their AoO as a priority need in order to return.

### Freedom of Movement

88% reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market for livelihood opportunities).



## Information and Priority Needs

Top three information needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Finding job opportunities 71%  
Accessing humanitarian assistance 58%  
Security restrictions in the camp 25%

Top three reported priority needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Employment 51%  
Shelter support 51%  
Food 50%



## Shelter and NFIs

Of the 76% that reported concerns with their shelter, the top three needs were:<sup>\*4</sup>

Improve privacy and dignity 76%  
Improve safety and security 67%  
Weather protection 53%

Of the 96% that reported NFI needs, the top three were:<sup>\*</sup>

Soft bedding items 48%  
Mattresses/sleeping mats 47%  
Water storage 45%



## Education

Reported attendance rates of formal education by age and sex:

80% male | 44% female  
73% 6 - 11 60%  
86% 12 - 17 17%

Of the 53% of households that reported their children **did not receive education** in the 30 days prior to data collection, the top three barriers included:<sup>\*4</sup>

- Child disinterested
- Education considered not important
- Child disabled

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple needs or reasons. Therefore, results may exceed 100%.

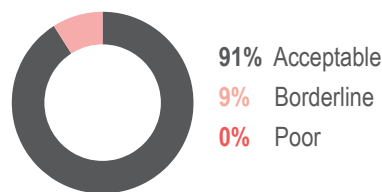
<sup>\*4</sup>Findings are based on a small subset of the sample population and are therefore considered indicative rather than statistically generalizable to all in-camp households.

<sup>5</sup>Food consumption score calculated according to United Nations World Food Programme most recent technical guidelines, as of February 2008.



## Food Security and Livelihoods

### Household Food Consumption Score (FCS)<sup>5</sup>



### Food Consumption Coping Strategies

90% of households reported using some form of consumption-based coping strategy in the 30 days prior to data collection. The most common of which were:<sup>\*</sup>

Buy food on credit 67%  
Spend savings 58%  
Sell assets 57%

### Household Income and Expenditure

Median monthly household income: 50,000 IQD (42 USD)<sup>6,7</sup>

Median monthly expenditure per household: 70,000 IQD (59 USD)<sup>6</sup>

11% of adults reported working in the 30 days prior to data collection.

Top three household income sources:<sup>\*7</sup>

Selling assistance 75%  
Loans/debts 42%  
Savings 18%

Top three monthly household expenditures:<sup>\*</sup>

Food 78%  
Communications 5%  
NFIs 5%



## WASH

Primary sources of drinking water over the 7 days prior to data collection:<sup>\*</sup>

Network (communal access) 100%

100% of households had access to public or communal latrines, and 0% had access to private latrines.<sup>\*</sup>

73% of households reported collection services as their main method of waste disposal.



## Health

Of the 49% of households who required healthcare services in the three months prior to data collection, 67% reported facing barriers to access, with the top three barriers including:<sup>\*4</sup>

- High cost of healthcare
- No medicine in pharmacy
- High cost of medicines

<sup>6</sup>Exchange rate of 1 USD: 1192.3 IQD, sourced from [xe.com](http://xe.com) at 7/2/2018.

<sup>7</sup>Income includes multiple sources such as employment, savings, selling assistance, and receiving assistance.







# Camp Profile: Khazer M1

Ninewa governorate, Iraq  
August 2018

Management agency: BCF

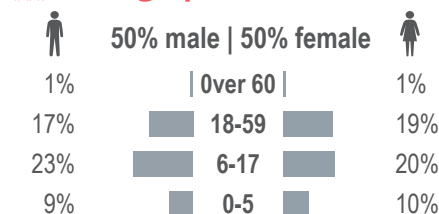
## Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Khazer M1 camp. Primary data was collected through 69 randomly sampled household surveys between 2 July and 7 August 2018. Findings are statistically representative at the camp level with a 90% confidence level and 10% margin of error, with target sample sizes based on population figures provided by camp managers.<sup>1</sup> Additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

## Camp Overview

Number of individuals: 8,000<sup>2</sup>  
Number of households: 1,600<sup>2</sup>  
Date opened: 8/22/2014  
Main shelter type: Tent  
Planned capacity: 2,520  
Camp area: 1,071,115m<sup>2</sup>

## Demographics

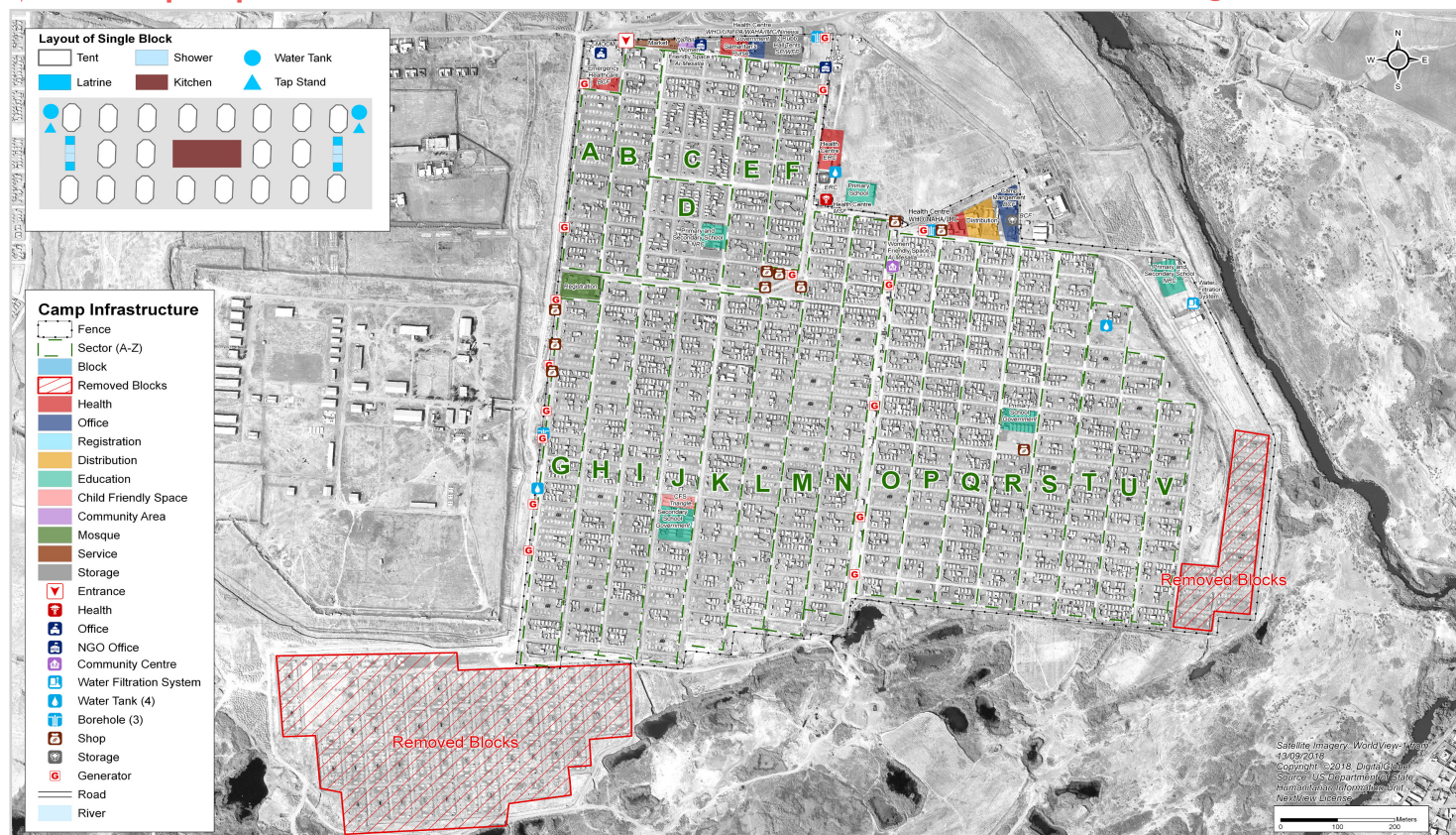


## Location Map



## IDP Camp Map - Khazer M1

Lat. 36° 18' 32.324" N Long. 43° 32' 19.047" E



## Sectoral Minimum Standards

		Target	Previous Round	Current Round	
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school	100%	63%	57%	●
	% of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100%	21%	36%	●
Food	% of households accessing Public Distribution Systems (PDS) in the month prior to data collection <sup>3</sup>	100%	25%	54%	●
Health	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance (less than 5km)	Yes	Yes	Yes	●
CCCM	Average open area per household	min. 30m <sup>2</sup>	340m <sup>2</sup>	564m <sup>2</sup>	●
Protection	% of households reported having at least one member with lost, damaged or expired documentation	0%	6%	6%	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	min 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	4.6m <sup>2</sup>	4.6m <sup>2</sup>	●
	Average number of individuals per shelter	max 5	4	4	●
WASH	# of persons per latrine	max. 20	10	20	●
	# of persons per shower	max. 20	10	20	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal at least weekly	min. weekly	Yes	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation.

● Minimum standard reached, ● 50-99% of minimum standard reached, ● Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all.

<sup>1</sup>Findings of a subset of the population may have a wider margin of error, with anything below a minimum confidence level of 90% and a margin of error of 10% considered indicative.

<sup>2</sup>Camp population and household figures from CCCM camp managers at time of data collection. The camp population as of September 2018 is 1,349 households and 7,074 individuals according to national CCCM cluster figures.

<sup>3</sup>PDS rations do not necessarily include the full basket provided by the WFP Family Food Parcel or equivalent.



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# Camp Profile: Khazer M1



## Protection and Intentions

### Vulnerable Groups

Proportion of population identified as vulnerable:

**22%** Pregnant/lactating women **4%** Individuals with disabilities  
**13%** Chronically ill individuals **29%** Female-headed households

### Movement Intentions

**58%** of households listed information on situation in AoO as a priority need in order to return.

### Freedom of Movement

**52%** reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market for livelihood opportunities).



## Information and Priority Needs

Top three information needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Finding job opportunities **71%**  
Information about returns **51%**  
Accessing humanitarian assistance **42%**

Top three reported priority needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Food **53%**  
Employment **50%**  
Shelter support **46%**



## Shelter and NFIs

Of the 86% that reported concerns with their shelter, the top three needs were:<sup>\*4</sup>

Improve safety and security **68%**  
Weather protection **57%**  
Improve privacy and dignity **57%**

Of the 100% that reported NFI needs, the top three were:<sup>\*</sup>

Mattresses/sleeping mats **58%**  
Water storage **46%**  
Soft bedding items **40%**



## Education

Reported attendance rates of formal education by age and sex:

**45% male | 51% female**

**47%** **6 - 11** **67%**  
**43%** **12 - 17** **26%**

Of the **63%** of households that reported their children **did not receive education** in the 30 days prior to data collection, the top three barriers included:<sup>\*4</sup>

- Child disinterested
- Education considered not important
- Child disabled

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple needs or reasons. Therefore, results may exceed 100%.

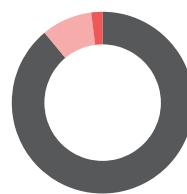
<sup>\*4</sup>Findings are based on a small subset of the sample population and are therefore considered indicative rather than statistically generalizable to all in-camp households.

<sup>\*</sup>Food consumption score calculated according to United Nations World Food Programme most recent technical guidelines, as of February 2008.



## Food Security and Livelihoods

### Household Food Consumption Score (FCS)<sup>5</sup>



**89%** Acceptable  
**9%** Borderline  
**2%** Poor

### Food Consumption Coping Strategies

**94%** of households reported using some form of consumption-based coping strategy in the 30 days prior to data collection. The most common of which were:<sup>\*</sup>

Sell assets **75%**  
Spend savings **74%**  
Buy food on credit **67%**

### Household Income and Expenditure

Median monthly household income: **50,000 IQD (42 USD)<sup>6,7</sup>**

Median monthly expenditure per household: **70,000 IQD (59 USD)<sup>6</sup>**

**9%** of adults reported working in the 30 days prior to data collection.

Top three household income sources:<sup>\*7</sup>

Selling assistance **86%**  
Loans/debts **51%**  
Support from community **20%**

Top three monthly household expenditures:<sup>\*</sup>

Food **73%**  
NFIs **7%**  
Servicing debt **7%**



## WASH

Primary source of drinking water over the 7 days prior to data collection:<sup>\*</sup>

Network (communal access) **100%**

**97%** of households had access to public or communal latrines, and 3% had access to private latrines.<sup>\*</sup>

**100%** of households reported collection services as their main method of waste disposal.



## Health

Of the 59% of households who required healthcare services in the three months prior to data collection, **48% reported facing barriers to access**, with the top three barriers including:<sup>\*4</sup>

- High cost of healthcare
- No medicine in pharmacy
- Unqualified pharmacy staff

<sup>6</sup>Exchange rate of 1 USD: 1192.3 IQD, sourced from [xe.com](http://xe.com) at 7/2/2018.

<sup>7</sup>Income includes multiple sources such as employment, savings, selling assistance, and receiving assistance.







# Camp Profile: Mamilian

Ninewa governorate, Iraq  
August 2018

Management agency: BRHA

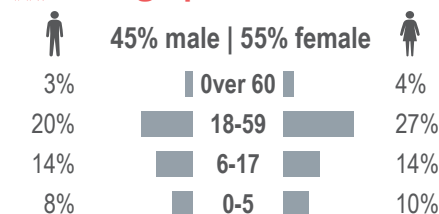
## Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Mamilian camp. Primary data was collected through 60 randomly sampled household surveys between 2 July and 7 August 2018. Findings are statistically representative at the camp level with a 90% confidence level and 10% margin of error, with target sample sizes based on population figures provided by camp managers.<sup>1</sup> Additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

## Camp Overview

Number of individuals: 1,747<sup>2</sup>  
Number of households: 338<sup>2</sup>  
Date opened: 5/15/2014  
Main shelter type: Tent  
Planned capacity: 540  
Camp area: 540,843m<sup>2</sup>

## Demographics



## Location Map



## IDP Camp Map - Mamilian

Lat.36° 41' 22.434" N Long. 43° 47' 59" E



## Sectoral Minimum Standards

		Target	Previous Round	Current Round	
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school	100%	80%	88%	●
	% of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100%	42%	52%	●
Food	% of households accessing Public Distribution Systems (PDS) in the month prior to data collection <sup>3</sup>	100%	48%	46%	●
Health	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance (less than 5km)	Yes	Yes	Yes	●
CCCM	Average open area per household	min. 30m <sup>2</sup>	973m <sup>2</sup>	1,531m <sup>2</sup>	●
Protection	% of households reported having at least one member with lost, damaged or expired documentation	0%	3%	2%	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	min 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	3.7m <sup>2</sup>	3.6m <sup>2</sup>	●
	Average number of individuals per shelter	max 5	4	3	●
WASH	# of persons per latrine	max. 20	1	3	●
	# of persons per shower	max. 20	1	3	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal at least weekly	min. weekly	Yes	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation.

● Minimum standard reached, ● 50-99% of minimum standard reached, ● Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all.

<sup>1</sup>Findings of a subset of the population may have a wider margin of error, with anything below a minimum confidence level of 90% and a margin of error of 10% considered indicative.

<sup>2</sup>Camp population and household figures from CCCM camp managers at time of data collection. The camp population as of September 2018 is 328 households and 1,712 individuals according to national CCCM cluster figures.

<sup>3</sup>PDS rations do not necessarily include the full basket provided by the WFP Family Food Parcel or equivalent.



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# Camp Profile: Mamilian



## Protection and Intentions

### Vulnerable Groups

Proportion of population identified as vulnerable:

8% Pregnant/lactating women 4% Individuals with disabilities  
7% Chronically ill individuals 20% Female-headed households

### Movement Intentions

79% of households listed rehabilitation of homes in their AoO as a priority need in order to return.

### Freedom of Movement

100% reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market for livelihood opportunities).



## Information and Priority Needs

Top three information needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Finding job opportunities 44%  
Information about returns 38%  
Accessing humanitarian assistance 36%

Top three reported priority needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Food 61%  
Employment 41%  
Healthcare 41%



## Shelter and NFIs

Of the 74% that reported concerns with their shelter, the top three needs were:<sup>\*4</sup>

Improve safety and security 67%  
Protection from hazards 49%  
Weather protection 44%

Of the 95% that reported NFI needs, the top three were:<sup>\*4</sup>

Mattresses/sleeping mats 69%  
Blankets 53%  
Soft bedding items 38%



## Education

Reported attendance rates of formal education by age and sex:

77% male | 64% female  
95% 6 - 11 83%  
63% 12 - 17 39%

Of the 47% of households that reported their children **did not receive education** in the 30 days prior to data collection, the top three barriers included:<sup>\*4</sup>

- Child disinterested
- No space in school
- Child disabled

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple needs or reasons. Therefore, results may exceed 100%.

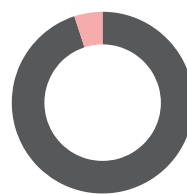
<sup>\*4</sup>Findings are based on a small subset of the sample population and are therefore considered indicative rather than statistically generalizable to all in-camp households.

<sup>\*5</sup>Food consumption score calculated according to United Nations World Food Programme most recent technical guidelines, as of February 2008.



## Food Security and Livelihoods

### Household Food Consumption Score (FCS)<sup>5</sup>



95% Acceptable  
5% Borderline  
0% Poor

### Food Consumption Coping Strategies

66% of households reported using some form of consumption-based coping strategy in the 30 days prior to data collection. The most common of which were:<sup>\*</sup>

Buy food on credit 75%  
Spend savings 45%  
Sell assets 30%

### Household Income and Expenditure

Median monthly household income: 200,000 IQD (168 USD)<sup>6,7</sup>

Median monthly expenditure per household: 210,000 IQD (176 USD)<sup>6</sup>

15% of adults reported working in the 30 days prior to data collection.

Top three household income sources:<sup>\*7</sup>

Employment 46%  
Loans/debts 39%  
Support from community 33%

Top three monthly household expenditures:<sup>\*</sup>

Food 66%  
Healthcare 10%  
Shelter 6%



## WASH

Top two primary sources of drinking water over the 7 days prior to data collection:<sup>\*</sup>

Network (private access) 79%  
Network (communal access) 21%

2% of households had access to public or communal latrines, and 98% had access to private latrines.<sup>\*</sup>

89% of households reported collection services as their main method of waste disposal.



## Health

Of the 38% of households who required healthcare services in the three months prior to data collection, 96% reported facing barriers to access, with the top three barriers including:<sup>\*4</sup>

- High cost of healthcare
- High cost of medicines
- No medicine in pharmacy

<sup>6</sup>Exchange rate of 1 USD: 1192.3 IQD, sourced from [xe.com](http://xe.com) at 7/2/2018.

<sup>7</sup>Income includes multiple sources such as employment, savings, selling assistance, and receiving assistance.







# Camp Profile: Mamrashan

Ninewa governorate, Iraq  
August 2018

Management agency: BRHA

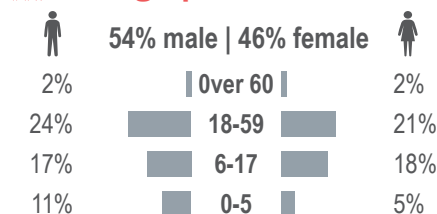
## Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Mamrashan camp. Primary data was collected through 70 randomly sampled household surveys between 2 July and 7 August 2018. Findings are statistically representative at the camp level with a 90% confidence level and 10% margin of error, with target sample sizes based on population figures provided by camp managers.<sup>1</sup> Additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

## Camp Overview

Number of individuals: 8,734<sup>2</sup>  
Number of households: 1,673<sup>2</sup>  
Date opened: 11/11/2014  
Main shelter type: Caravan  
Planned capacity: 1,829  
Camp area: 510,555m<sup>2</sup>

## Demographics

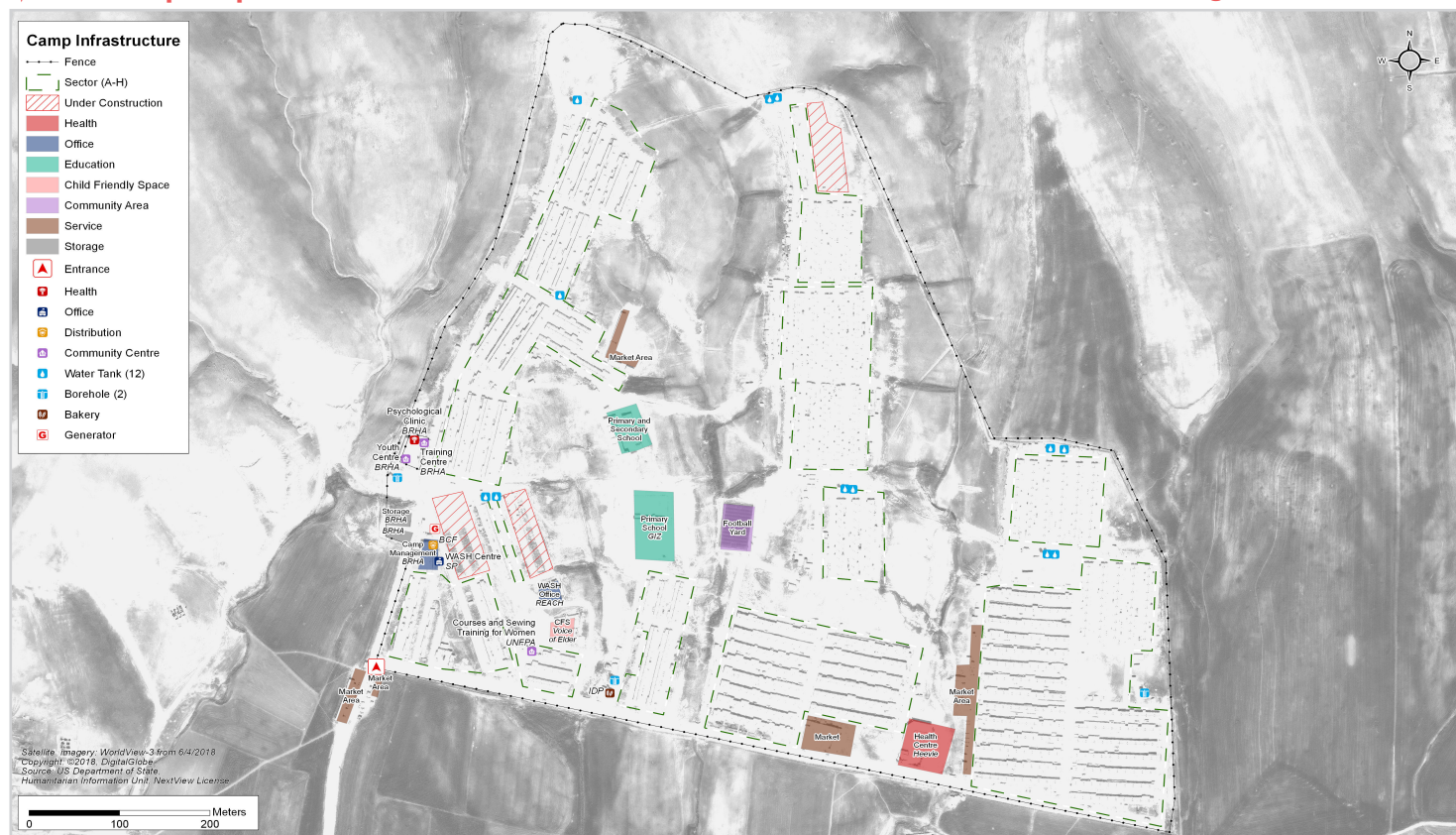


## Location Map



## IDP Camp Map - Mamrashan

Lat. 36° 40' 9.888" N Long. 43° 25' 59.683" E



## Sectoral Minimum Standards

		Target	Previous Round	Current Round	
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school	100%	86%	91%	●
	% of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100%	64%	87%	●
Food	% of households accessing Public Distribution Systems (PDS) in the month prior to data collection <sup>3</sup>	100%	59%	65%	●
Health	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance (less than 5km)	Yes	Yes	Yes	●
CCCM	Average open area per household	min. 30m <sup>2</sup>	271m <sup>2</sup>	268m <sup>2</sup>	●
Protection	% of households reported having at least one member with lost, damaged or expired documentation	0%	10%	6%	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	min 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	5.4m <sup>2</sup>	5.2m <sup>2</sup>	●
	Average number of individuals per shelter	max 5	5	5	●
WASH	# of persons per latrine	max. 20	5	5	●
	# of persons per shower	max. 20	5	5	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal at least weekly	min. weekly	Yes	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation.

● Minimum standard reached, ● 50-99% of minimum standard reached, ● Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all.

<sup>1</sup>Findings of a subset of the population may have a wider margin of error, with anything below a minimum confidence level of 90% and a margin of error of 10% considered indicative.

<sup>2</sup>Camp population and household figures from CCCM camp managers at time of data collection. The camp population as of September 2018 is 1,892 households and 8,824 individuals according to national CCCM cluster figures.

<sup>3</sup>PDS rations do not necessarily include the full basket provided by the WFP Family Food Parcel or equivalent.



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# Camp Profile: Mamrashan



## Protection and Intentions

### Vulnerable Groups

Proportion of population identified as vulnerable:

13% Pregnant/lactating women 2% Individuals with disabilities  
4% Chronically ill individuals 8% Female-headed households

### Movement Intentions

63% of households listed safety and security in their AoO as a priority need in order to return.

### Freedom of Movement

100% reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market for livelihood opportunities).



## Information and Priority Needs

Top three information needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Accessing humanitarian assistance 65%  
Finding job opportunities 57%  
Information about returns 44%

Top three reported priority needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Food 79%  
Employment 56%  
Shelter support 38%



## Shelter and NFIs

Of the 27% that reported concerns with their shelter, the top three needs were:<sup>\*4</sup>

Protection from hazards 58%  
Weather protection 58%  
Improve safety and security 53%

Of the 96% that reported NFI needs, the top three were:<sup>\*</sup>

Air water cooler 57%  
Fan 51%  
Soft bedding items 40%



## Education

Reported attendance rates of formal education by age and sex:

89% male | 89% female  
86% 6 - 11 97%  
93% 12 - 17 83%

Of the 23% of households that reported their children **did not receive education** in the 30 days prior to data collection, the top three barriers included:<sup>\*4</sup>

- No space in school
- Child disinterested
- Child disabled

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple needs or reasons. Therefore, results may exceed 100%.

<sup>4</sup>Findings are based on a small subset of the sample population and are therefore considered indicative rather than statistically generalizable to all in-camp households.

<sup>5</sup>Food consumption score calculated according to United Nations World Food Programme most recent technical guidelines, as of February 2008.



## Food Security and Livelihoods

### Household Food Consumption Score (FCS)<sup>5</sup>



100% Acceptable  
0% Borderline  
0% Poor

### Food Consumption Coping Strategies

86% of households reported using some form of consumption-based coping strategy in the 30 days prior to data collection. The most common of which were:<sup>\*</sup>

Spend savings 82%  
Buy food on credit 51%  
Sell assets 44%

### Household Income and Expenditure

Median monthly household income: 350,000 IQD (294 USD)<sup>6,7</sup>

Median monthly expenditure per household: 278,000 IQD (233 USD)<sup>6</sup>

36% of adults reported working in the 30 days prior to data collection.

Top three household income sources:<sup>\*7</sup>

NGO/charity assistance 85%  
Employment 75%  
Loans/debts 23%

Top three monthly household expenditures:<sup>\*</sup>

Food 65%  
Transport 12%  
NFIs 6%



## WASH

Top two primary sources of drinking water over the 7 days prior to data collection:<sup>\*</sup>

Network (private access) 99%  
Purchased from shop 1%

0% of households had access to public or communal latrines, and 100% had access to private latrines.<sup>\*</sup>

70% of households reported collection services as their main method of waste disposal.



## Health

Of the 23% of households who required healthcare services in the three months prior to data collection, 75% reported facing barriers to access, with the top three barriers including:<sup>\*4</sup>

- High cost of healthcare
- No medicine in pharmacy
- High cost of medicines

<sup>6</sup>Exchange rate of 1 USD: 1192.3 IQD, sourced from [xe.com](http://xe.com) at 7/2/2018.

<sup>7</sup>Income includes multiple sources such as employment, savings, selling assistance, and receiving assistance.







# Camp Profile: Qayyarah Airstrip

Ninewa governorate, Iraq  
August 2018

Management agency: DRC

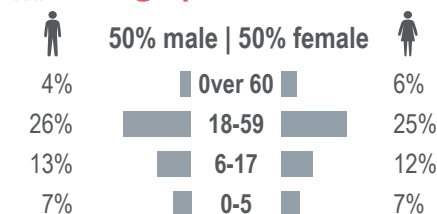
## Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Qayyarah Airstrip camp. Primary data was collected through 71 randomly sampled household surveys between 2 July and 7 August 2018. Findings are statistically representative at the camp level with a 90% confidence level and 10% margin of error, with target sample sizes based on population figures provided by camp managers.<sup>1</sup> Additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

## Camp Overview

Number of individuals: 38,168<sup>2</sup>  
Number of households: 7,447<sup>2</sup>  
Date opened: 12/14/2014  
Main shelter type: Tent  
Planned capacity: 10,000  
Camp area: 1,342,518m<sup>2</sup>

## Demographics



## Location Map



## IDP Camp Map - Qayyarah Airstrip

Lat.35° 46' 5.559" N Long. 43° 16' 4.016" E



## Sectoral Minimum Standards

		Target	Previous Round	Current Round	
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school	100%	19%	23%	●
	% of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100%	12%	48%	●
Food	% of households accessing Public Distribution Systems (PDS) in the month prior to data collection <sup>3</sup>	100%	42%	57%	●
Health	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance (less than 5km)	Yes	Yes	Yes	●
CCCM	Average open area per household	min. 30m <sup>2</sup>	140m <sup>2</sup>	149m <sup>2</sup>	●
Protection	% of households reported having at least one member with lost, damaged or expired documentation	0%	8%	10%	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	min 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	3.7m <sup>2</sup>	3.6m <sup>2</sup>	●
	Average number of individuals per shelter	max 5	5	4	●
WASH	# of persons per latrine	max. 20	21	19	●
	# of persons per shower	max. 20	21	19	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal at least weekly	min. weekly	Yes	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation.

● Minimum standard reached, ● 50-99% of minimum standard reached, ● Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all.

<sup>1</sup>Findings of a subset of the population may have a wider margin of error, with anything below a minimum confidence level of 90% and a margin of error of 10% considered indicative.

<sup>2</sup>Camp population and household figures from CCCM camp managers at time of data collection. The camp population as of September 2018 is 7,278 households and 36,935 individuals according to national CCCM cluster figures.

<sup>3</sup>PDS rations do not necessarily include the full basket provided by the WFP Family Food Parcel or equivalent.



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# Camp Profile: Qayyarah Airstrip



## Protection and Intentions

### Vulnerable Groups

Proportion of population identified as vulnerable:

**18%** Pregnant/lactating women **11%** Individuals with disabilities  
**20%** Chronically ill individuals **23%** Female-headed households

### Movement Intentions

**50%** of households listed information on situation in AoO as a priority need in order to return.

### Freedom of Movement

**100%** reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market for livelihood opportunities).



## Information and Priority Needs

Top three information needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Accessing humanitarian assistance **70%**  
Finding job opportunities **59%**  
Information about returns **49%**

Top three reported priority needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Food **86%**  
Employment **52%**  
Healthcare **42%**



## Shelter and NFIs

Of the 100% that reported concerns with their shelter, the top three needs were:<sup>\*</sup>

Improve privacy and dignity **48%**  
Weather protection **48%**  
Improve safety and security **35%**

Of the 100% that reported NFI needs, the top three were:<sup>\*</sup>

Mattresses/sleeping mats **86%**  
Soft bedding items **61%**  
Blankets **55%**



## Education

Reported attendance rates of formal education by age and sex:

**41% male | 24% female**

**15%** **6 - 11** **28%**  
**64%** **12 - 17** **14%**

Of the **86%** of households that reported their children **did not receive education** in the 30 days prior to data collection, the top three barriers included:<sup>\*4</sup>

- Cannot afford to pay
- No space in school
- School too far

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple needs or reasons. Therefore, results may exceed 100%.

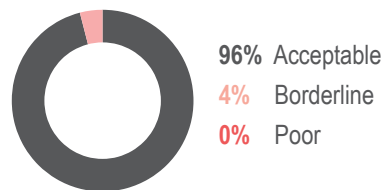
<sup>4</sup>Findings are based on a small subset of the sample population and are therefore considered indicative rather than statistically generalizable to all in-camp households.

<sup>5</sup>Food consumption score calculated according to United Nations World Food Programme most recent technical guidelines, as of February 2008.



## Food Security and Livelihoods

### Household Food Consumption Score (FCS)<sup>5</sup>



### Food Consumption Coping Strategies

**100%** of households reported using some form of consumption-based coping strategy in the 30 days prior to data collection. The most common of which were:<sup>\*</sup>

Spend savings **70%**  
Buy food on credit **54%**  
Sell assets **48%**

### Household Income and Expenditure

Median monthly household income: **300,000 IQD (252 USD)<sup>6,7</sup>**

Median monthly expenditure per household: **136,000 IQD (114 USD)<sup>6</sup>**

**13%** of adults reported working in the 30 days prior to data collection.

Top three household income sources:<sup>\*7</sup>

Savings **65%**  
Selling assistance **45%**  
Employment **30%**

Top three monthly household expenditures:<sup>\*</sup>

Food **48%**  
Healthcare **21%**  
Servicing debt **8%**



## WASH

Top two primary sources of drinking water over the 7 days prior to data collection:<sup>\*</sup>

Water trucking **74%**  
Network (communal access) **15%**

**100%** of households had access to public or communal latrines, and 6% had access to private latrines.<sup>\*</sup>

**96%** of households reported collection services as their main method of waste disposal.



## Health

Of the 32% of households who required healthcare services in the three months prior to data collection, **83% reported facing barriers to access**, with the top three barriers including:<sup>\*4</sup>

- High cost of healthcare
- High cost of medicines
- Unqualified hospital staff

<sup>6</sup>Exchange rate of 1 USD: 1192.3 IQD, sourced from [xe.com](http://xe.com) at 7/2/2018.

<sup>7</sup>Income includes multiple sources such as employment, savings, selling assistance, and receiving assistance.



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# Camp Profile: Qayyarah Jad'ah (1-6)

Ninewa governorate, Iraq  
August 2018

Management agency: RNVDO

## Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Qayyarah Jad'ah (1-6) camp. Primary data was collected through 71 randomly sampled household surveys between 2 July and 7 August 2018. Findings are statistically representative at the camp level with a 90% confidence level and 10% margin of error, with target sample sizes based on population figures provided by camp managers.<sup>1</sup> Additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

## Camp Overview

Number of individuals: 55,479<sup>2</sup>

Number of households: 13,702<sup>2</sup>

Date opened: 11/1/2015

Main shelter type: Tent

Planned capacity: 15,500

Camp area: 1,986,472m<sup>2</sup>

## Demographics



48% male | 52% female



6%

Over 60

3%

23%

18-59

32%

13%

6-17

8%

6%

0-5

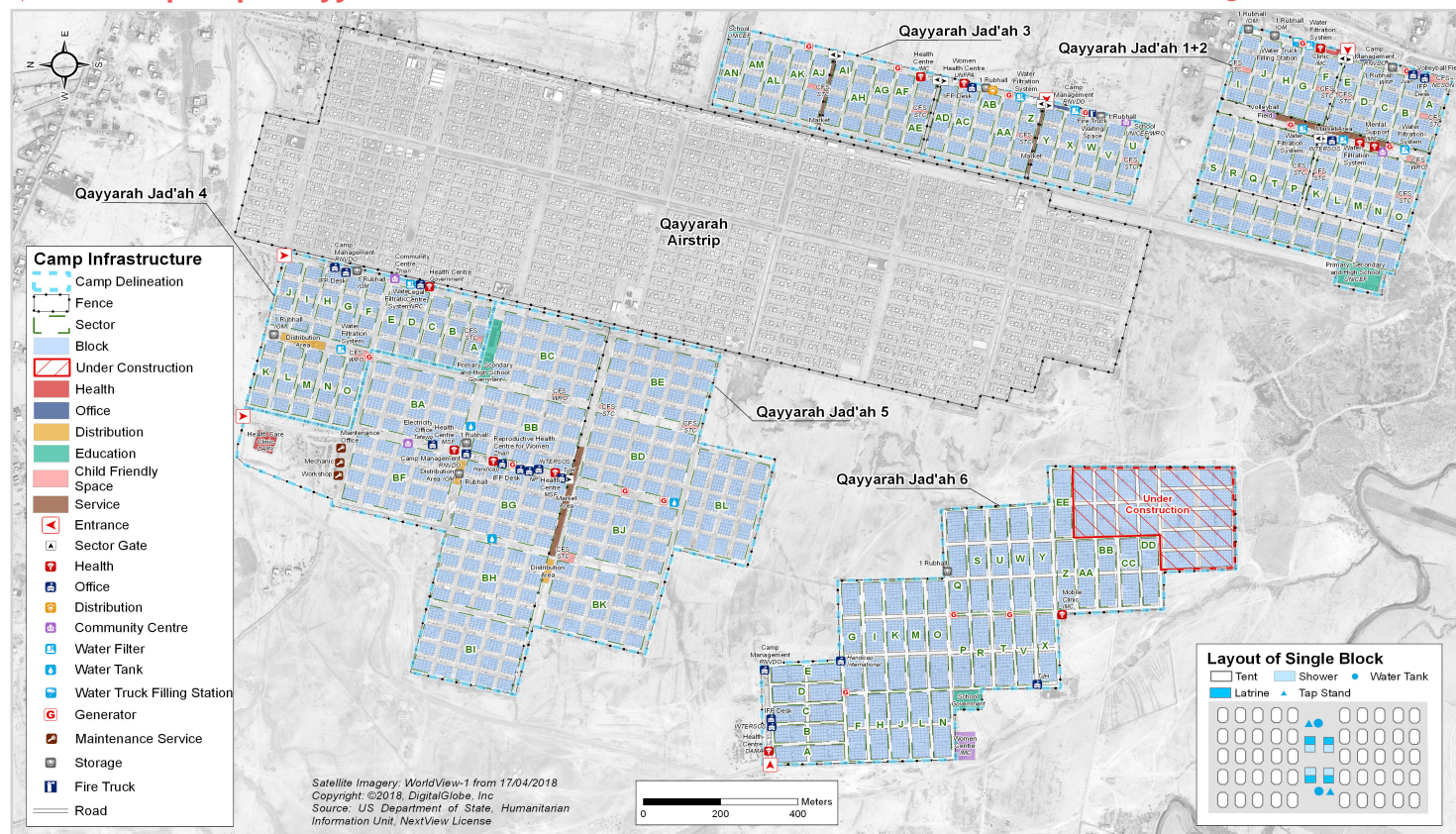
9%

## Location Map



## IDP Camp Map - Qayyarah Jad'ah (1-6)

Lat. 35° 44' 40.881" N Long. 43° 16' 4.054" E



## Sectoral Minimum Standards

		Target	Previous Round	Current Round	
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school	100%	40%	35%	●
	% of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100%	23%	18%	●
Food	% of households accessing Public Distribution Systems (PDS) in the month prior to data collection <sup>3</sup>	100%	40%	49%	●
Health	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance (less than 5km)	Yes	Yes	Yes	●
CCCM	Average open area per household	min. 30m <sup>2</sup>	112m <sup>2</sup>	120m <sup>2</sup>	●
Protection	% of households reported having at least one member with lost, damaged or expired documentation	0%	16%	13%	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	min 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	3.7m <sup>2</sup>	4.6m <sup>2</sup>	●
	Average number of individuals per shelter	max 5	5	4	●
WASH	# of persons per latrine	max. 20	21	21	●
	# of persons per shower	max. 20	21	39	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal at least weekly	min. weekly	Yes	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation.

● Minimum standard reached, ● 50-99% of minimum standard reached, ● Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all.

<sup>1</sup>Findings of a subset of the population may have a wider margin of error, with anything below a minimum confidence level of 90% and a margin of error of 10% considered indicative.

<sup>2</sup>Camp population and household figures from CCCM camp managers at time of data collection. The camp population as of September 2018 is 13,752 households and 54,340 individuals according to national CCCM cluster figures.

<sup>3</sup>PDS rations do not necessarily include the full basket provided by the WFP Family Food Parcel or equivalent.



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# Camp Profile: Qayyarah Jad'ah (1-6)



## Protection and Intentions

### Vulnerable Groups

Proportion of population identified as vulnerable:

**20%** Pregnant/lactating women **10%** Individuals with disabilities  
**17%** Chronically ill individuals **33%** Female-headed households

### Movement Intentions

**74%** of households listed safety and security in their AoO as a priority need in order to return.

### Freedom of Movement

**99%** reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market for livelihood opportunities).



## Information and Priority Needs

Top three information needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Accessing humanitarian assistance **63%**  
Finding job opportunities **57%**  
Information about returns **39%**

Top three reported priority needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Food **85%**  
Education for children **58%**  
Healthcare **56%**



## Shelter and NFIs

Of the 96% that reported concerns with their shelter, the top three needs were:<sup>\*</sup>

Improve privacy and dignity **52%**  
Weather protection **44%**  
Improve safety and security **38%**

Of the 100% that reported NFI needs, the top three were:<sup>\*</sup>

Mattresses/sleeping mats **76%**  
Blankets **57%**  
Soft bedding items **53%**



## Education

Reported attendance rates of formal education by age and sex:

**35% male | 14% female**

**42%** **27%** **6 - 11** **12 - 17** **25%** **0%**

Of the **100%** of households that reported their children **did not receive education** in the 30 days prior to data collection, the top three barriers included:<sup>\*4</sup>

- Cannot afford to pay
- No space in school
- Child disinterested

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple needs or reasons. Therefore, results may exceed 100%.

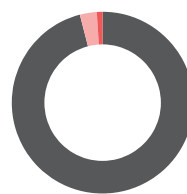
<sup>4</sup>Findings are based on a small subset of the sample population and are therefore considered indicative rather than statistically generalizable to all in-camp households.

<sup>5</sup>Food consumption score calculated according to United Nations World Food Programme most recent technical guidelines, as of February 2008.



## Food Security and Livelihoods

### Household Food Consumption Score (FCS)<sup>5</sup>



**96%** Acceptable  
**3%** Borderline  
**1%** Poor

### Food Consumption Coping Strategies

**99%** of households reported using some form of consumption-based coping strategy in the 30 days prior to data collection. The most common of which were:<sup>\*</sup>

Spend savings **88%**  
Buy food on credit **73%**  
Sell assets **55%**

### Household Income and Expenditure

Median monthly household income: **200,000 IQD (168 USD)<sup>6,7</sup>**

Median monthly expenditure per household: **128,000 IQD (107 USD)<sup>6</sup>**

**8%** of adults reported working in the 30 days prior to data collection.

Top three household income sources:<sup>\*7</sup>

Savings **72%**  
Selling assistance **50%**  
Employment **32%**

Top three monthly household expenditures:<sup>\*</sup>

Food **55%**  
Healthcare **12%**  
NFIs **10%**



## WASH

Top two primary sources of drinking water over the 7 days prior to data collection:<sup>\*</sup>

Network (communal access) **52%**  
Water trucking **38%**

**100%** of households had access to public or communal latrines, and 1% had access to private latrines.<sup>\*</sup>

**90%** of households reported collection services as their main method of waste disposal.



## Health

Of the 41% of households who required healthcare services in the three months prior to data collection, **93% reported facing barriers to access**, with the top three barriers including:<sup>\*4</sup>

- High cost of healthcare
- High cost of medicines
- Unqualified hospital staff

<sup>6</sup>Exchange rate of 1 USD: 1192.3 IQD, sourced from [xe.com](http://xe.com) at 7/2/2018.

<sup>7</sup>Income includes multiple sources such as employment, savings, selling assistance, and receiving assistance.



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## Summary

This profile provides an overview of conditions in Sheikhhan camp. Primary data was collected through 67 randomly sampled household surveys between 2 July and 7 August 2018. Findings are statistically representative at the camp level with a 90% confidence level and 10% margin of error, with target sample sizes based on population figures provided by camp managers.<sup>1</sup> Additional information from camp managers has been used to support findings.

## Camp Overview

**Number of individuals: 4,668<sup>2</sup>**

**Number of households: 850<sup>2</sup>**

Date opened: 4/27/2017

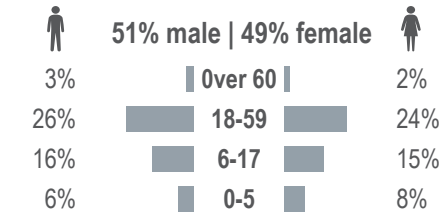
Main shelter type: Tent

Planned capacity: 1,474

Camp area: 250,210m<sup>2</sup>

## IDP Camp Map - Sheikhan

## Demographics



### Location Map



Lat.36° 40' 26.758" N Long. 43° 20' 36.643" E

☒ **Sectoral Minimum Standards**

Sectoral Minimum Standards		Target	Previous Round	Current Round	
Education	% of children aged 6-11 attending formal school	100%	82%	88%	●
	% of children aged 12-17 attending formal school	100%	72%	84%	●
Food	% of households accessing Public Distribution Systems (PDS) in the month prior to data collection <sup>3</sup>	100%	61%	62%	●
Health	Health services are available on-site or within walking distance (less than 5km)	Yes	Yes	Yes	●
CCCM	Average open area per household	min. 30m <sup>2</sup>	243m <sup>2</sup>	249m <sup>2</sup>	●
Protection	% of households reported having at least one member with lost, damaged or expired documentation	0%	10%	3%	●
Shelter	Average covered area per person	min 3.5m <sup>2</sup>	3.2m <sup>2</sup>	2.9m <sup>2</sup>	●
	Average number of individuals per shelter	max 5	3	3	●
WASH	# of persons per latrine	max. 20	5	5	●
	# of persons per shower	max. 20	5	5	●
	Frequency of solid waste disposal at least weekly	min. weekly	Yes	Yes	●

Targets based on minimum standards agreed with the CCCM Cluster, Iraq. Findings based on household-level data, enumerator field observations, and camp management documentation.

● Minimum standard reached, ● 50-99% of minimum standard reached, ● Less than 50% of minimum standard reached or not at all.

<sup>1</sup>Findings of a subset of the population may have a wider margin of error, with anything below a minimum confidence level of 90% and a margin of error of 10% considered indicative.

<sup>2</sup>Camp population and household figures from CCCM camp managers at time of data collection. The camp population as of September 2018 is 861 households and 4,617 individuals according to national CCCM cluster figures.

<sup>3</sup> PDS rations do not necessarily include the full basket provided by the WFP Family Food Parcel or equivalent.



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# Camp Profile: Sheikhan



## Protection and Intentions

### Vulnerable Groups

Proportion of population identified as vulnerable:

8% Pregnant/lactating women 4% Individuals with disabilities  
5% Chronically ill individuals 15% Female-headed households

### Movement Intentions

61% of households listed safety and security in their AoO as a priority need in order to return.

### Freedom of Movement

100% reported being able to leave the camp temporarily (e.g. to go to the market for livelihood opportunities).



## Information and Priority Needs

Top three information needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Accessing humanitarian assistance 65%  
Finding job opportunities 54%  
Information about returns 21%

Top three reported priority needs:<sup>\*</sup>

Food 74%  
Employment 38%  
Shelter support 38%



## Shelter and NFIs

Of the 79% that reported concerns with their shelter, the top three needs were:<sup>\*4</sup>

Weather protection 56%  
Improve basic utilities 46%  
Improve safety and security 46%

Of the 94% that reported NFI needs, the top three were:<sup>\*4</sup>

Air water cooler 66%  
Mattresses/sleeping mats 39%  
Cool box 39%



## Education

Reported attendance rates of formal education by age and sex:

90% male | 82% female  
91% 6 - 11 83%  
88% 12 - 17 81%

Of the 28% of households that reported their children **did not receive education** in the 30 days prior to data collection, the top three barriers included:<sup>\*4</sup>

- Child disinterested
- No space in school
- Education considered not important

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents could select multiple needs or reasons. Therefore, results may exceed 100%.

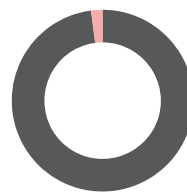
<sup>\*4</sup>Findings are based on a small subset of the sample population and are therefore considered indicative rather than statistically generalizable to all in-camp households.

<sup>\*</sup>Food consumption score calculated according to United Nations World Food Programme most recent technical guidelines, as of February 2008.



## Food Security and Livelihoods

### Household Food Consumption Score (FCS)<sup>5</sup>



98% Acceptable  
2% Borderline  
0% Poor

### Food Consumption Coping Strategies

83% of households reported using some form of consumption-based coping strategy in the 30 days prior to data collection. The most common of which were:<sup>\*</sup>

Buy food on credit 67%  
Spend savings 60%  
Sell assets 36%

### Household Income and Expenditure

Median monthly household income: 232,500 IQD (195 USD)<sup>6,7</sup>

Median monthly expenditure per household: 242,500 IQD (203 USD)<sup>6</sup>

21% of adults reported working in the 30 days prior to data collection.

Top three household income sources:<sup>\*7</sup>

NGO/charity assistance 80%  
Employment 49%  
Loans/debts 23%

Top three monthly household expenditures:<sup>\*</sup>

Food 54%  
Healthcare 27%  
Transport 5%



## WASH

Top two primary sources of drinking water over the 7 days prior to data collection:<sup>\*</sup>

Network (communal access) 86%  
Network (private access) 14%

12% of households had access to public or communal latrines, and 88% had access to private latrines.<sup>\*</sup>

91% of households reported collection services as their main method of waste disposal.



## Health

Of the 39% of households who required healthcare services in the three months prior to data collection, 69% reported facing barriers to access, with the top three barriers including:<sup>\*4</sup>

- High cost of healthcare
- High cost of medicines
- No medicine in pharmacy

<sup>6</sup>Exchange rate of 1 USD: 1192.3 IQD, sourced from [xe.com](http://xe.com) at 7/2/2018.

<sup>7</sup>Income includes multiple sources such as employment, savings, selling assistance, and receiving assistance.



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