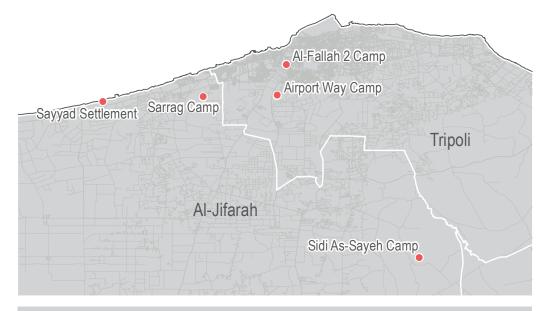
Libya Protection Monitoring: Tripoli and Al-Jifarah November 2017

Displacement sites assessed



About this factsheet

This factsheet is the product of a protection monitoring partnership, funded by ECHO, implemented by ACTED and the Danish Refugee Council (DRC), and facilitated by REACH, that aims to inform protection programming in Libya. Each month, the partners visit selected sites of displacement near Tripoli and Benghazi to collect data related to the humanitarian needs of populations of concern, primarily IDPs and returnees.

In November 2017, with data collection support from the Kafaa Development Foundation, the partners visited five displacement sites in the mantikas of Tripoli and Al-Jifarah. Interviews were conducted with members of 179 households and 7 community-level key informants (KIs), including government employees, community representatives and other local authorities. Data collection tools were designed both to elicit overall information about the humanitarian situation at each site and to identify specific protection-related needs that warranted follow-up or referral to external services. Households were purposively sampled to ensure that the most vulnerable cases could be connected with services. Thus, all information in this factsheet should be considered indicative only.

Numerical values in this factsheet represent the median of all responses received for the given indicator unless otherwise specified. Categorical (non-numerical) values represent the mode (most common response) among all responses received for the given indicator unless otherwise specified.

DEMOGRAPHICS AND DISPLACEMENT

Displacement site characteristics and breakdown of assessed households:

Site	# HHs (median KI estimate)	HH size (median KI estimate)	Men over 18	Women over 18	Boys under 18	Girls under 18
Airport Way Camp*	370	5	33%	40%	15%	12%
Al-Fallah 2 Camp	155	6	20%	38%	22%	20%
Sarrag Camp	37	5	28%	30%	22%	20%
Sayyad Settlement	509	4	32%	34%	19%	15%
Sidi As-Sayeh Camp	74	5	23%	35%	16%	26%

* Most recent demographic data for Airport Way Camp from October 2017, except for age and sex breakdown from November.

Dates of arrival and displacement status among assessed households:

Site	Most common date of arrival (IDPs)	Most common date of arrival (returnees)	Most common baladiya of origin	IDPs	Returnees	Others**
Airport Way Camp*	8/2011	N/A	Misrata	96%	0%	4%
Al-Fallah 2 Camp	6/2016	N/A	Misrata	100%	0%	0%
Sarrag Camp	4/2017	N/A	Misrata	100%	0%	0%
Sayyad Settlement	10/2011	N/A	Misrata	100%	0%	0%
Sidi As-Sayeh Camp	8/2014	N/A	Misrata	100%	0%	0%

* Most recent demographic data for Airport Way Camp from October 2017.

** 'Others' include refugees, migrants and the non-displaced.

Characteristics of IDP households:

- Median number of times displaced since 2011: 3
- Do a majority of assessed IDP households plan to leave their current location within 1-3 months? No
- Most common reason for intended departure: To return to area of origin

Characteristics of returnee households:

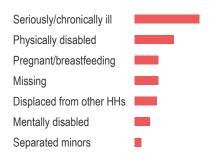
- Most common current type of shelter among returnees: N/A
- Most common reason for returnees not to live in their original shelter: N/A



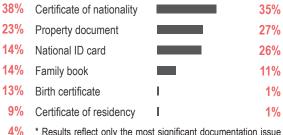


VULNERABLE GROUPS

Percentage of assessed households reporting that one or more members are:



Percentage of assessed households lacking the following types of documentation*:



* Results reflect only the most significant documentation issue identified by each household.

Child protection concerns:

- · Are a majority of children aged 6-11 attending primary school? Yes, most children
- Are any children reportedly engaged in dangerous work? Yes
- If so, what type of work? Work in landfills near Sidi As-Sayeh Camp

SAFETY AND SECURITY

Freedom of movement:

- · Do households in these displacement sites face restrictions on movement? No restrictions
- Main reason for restrictions on movement: N/A
- · Relations between non-displaced and displaced communities: Good

Household perceptions of safety and security:

Site	Perceived safety/security of site	Main reason for lack of safety/security	Known presence of landmines/ ERW**	# landmine/ ERW incidents in past week
Airport Way Camp	Safe	Inter-communal tensions	No	N/A
Al-Fallah 2 Camp	Safe	Active fighting	No	N/A
Sarrag Camp	Safe	N/A	No	N/A
Sayyad Settlement	Safe	Inter-communal tensions	No	N/A
Sidi As-Sayeh Camp	Safe	Inter-communal tensions	No	N/A

** Explosive remnants of war.

SHELTER

Most commonly reported shelter characteristics:

Site	Type of shelter	Contractual agreement	Quality of shelter (self-reported)
Airport Way Camp	Tent, caravan, etc.	Donated property	Poor
Al-Fallah 2 Camp	Tent, caravan, etc.	Donated property	Poor
Sarrag Camp	Tent, caravan, etc.	Donated property	Unacceptable
Sayyad Settlement	Public building	Donated property	Unacceptable
Sidi As-Sayeh Camp	Tent, caravan, etc.	Donated property	Unacceptable

Shelter expenditures and tenure:

Site	Do most households pay for accommodation?	Median amount paid per month, if applicable	Have any households received eviction threats?
Airport Way Camp	No	N/A	No
Al-Fallah 2 Camp	No	N/A	No
Sarrag Camp	No	N/A	No
Sayyad Settlement	No	N/A	No
Sidi As-Sayeh Camp	No	N/A	No

Self-reported access to functional utilities and services:

Site	Toilet facilities	Bathing facilities	Cooking facilities	Clean drinking water	Sufficient food
Airport Way Camp	Private	Private	Private	Low	Low
Al-Fallah 2 Camp	Private	Private	Private	Low	Low
Sarrag Camp	Shared	Shared	Private	Low	Low
Sayyad Settlement	Private	Private	Private	Low	Low
Sidi As-Sayeh Camp	Private	Private	Private	Low	Low



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Daily labour

LIVELIHOODS

Participation in labour force:

- Percentage of assessed households with at least one adult (>18) in the workforce: 40%
- Percentage of assessed households with at least one child (<18) in the workforce: 0%

Top 3 sources of household income:

- Government (salaries, pensions, etc.)
- 2 Humanitarian assistance

Income and debt:

- Median estimated monthly household income: 450 LYD
- Do most households receive enough income to cover their basic needs? No
- Percentage of assessed households reporting that they are in debt: 18%
- Most common debt burden among households in debt: > 1,000 LYD

Household market access:

Site	Can households purchase needed items on local markets?	For those that cannot, why not?
Airport Way Camp	Rarely	Items too expensive
Al-Fallah 2 Camp	Rarely	Items too expensive
Sarrag Camp	Rarely	Items too expensive
Sayyad Settlement	Rarely	Items too expensive
Sidi As-Sayeh Camp	Rarely	Items too expensive

NEEDS AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE

Top 3 humanitarian needs reported by households:



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2
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Shelter

3 Food

Humanitarian aid received:

Site	Last time most assessed households received aid	Most common form of aid received	Second most common form of aid received	
Airport Way Camp	More than 1 year ago	Food	Cash	
Al-Fallah 2 Camp	Within last 3 months	Food	Cash	
Sarrag Camp	Within last 3 months	Food	Cash	
Sayyad Settlement	More than 1 year ago	Food	Cash	
Sidi As-Sayeh Camp	Within last 3 months	Food	Health/medical care	

About REACH

REACH facilitates the development of information tools and products that enhance the capacity of aid actors to make evidence-based decisions. REACH activities are conducted through inter-agency aid coordination mechanisms. For more information, you can write to our global office: geneva@reach-initiative.org. Visit www.reach-initiative.org and follow us on Twitter: @REACH_info and Facebook: www.facebook.com/ IMPACT.init.



