### CONTEXT

Akobo Town is located in the eastern side of Akobo County, Jonglei State, close to the land and river border crossings with Ethiopia. Akobo is a key point of trade and transit between South Sudan and Ethiopia.

Since the beginning of the crisis, this route has been used by South Sudanese citizens heading to or coming back from Ethiopian refugee camps. In two locations, Tirgol Port and Market Port, REACH staff record arrivals and departures of South Sudanese on a daily basis, since May 2015. In order to provide an indication of wider trends, data is collected on the volume of movement, and the motivations and intentions of those traveling.

The following findings are based on primary data collected between 2 and 31 May 2017. During May, REACH interviewed 498 key informants (KIs) who were arriving in or departing from Akobo Town.

For more information visit: www.reachresourcecentre.info

## **DEPARTURES**

### Demographic<sup>1</sup>

**76%** of the total outbound boat passengers expressed the intention to permanently leave South Sudan.



#### **Desired destination locations**

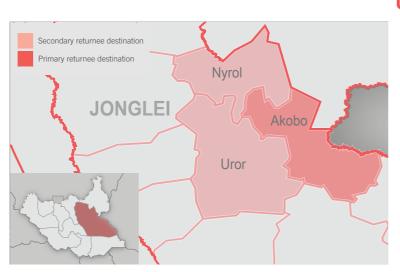
Reported intended destinations in Ethiopia by people leaving South Sudan permanently:

Refugee camps	60 %
Tirgol	19 %
Mattar Town	19 %
Gambella Town	2 %

# **Reasons for leaving**

Reported reasons for leaving by people permanently leaving South Sudan for Ethiopia:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Ongoing conflict	28 %
Lack of food	24 %
Lack of education	19 %
Personal insecurity	7 % ■
Lack of shelter	7 % ■
Other	7 % ■
Lack of health services	5 % <b>I</b>
Cattle raiding	3 %



## **Changes in reasons for leaving**

Most prevalent reasons for leaving; February to May 2017:

	February 2017	March 2017	April 2017	May 2017
Ongoing conflict	3 %	8 %	28 %	28 %
Lack of food	26 %	28 %	27 %	24 %
Lack of education	40 %	35 %	14 %	19 %
Personal insecurity	8 %	7 %	9 %	7 %

## **Movement into camps**

Of the 60% intending to go to refugee camps, people reported the following destinations:

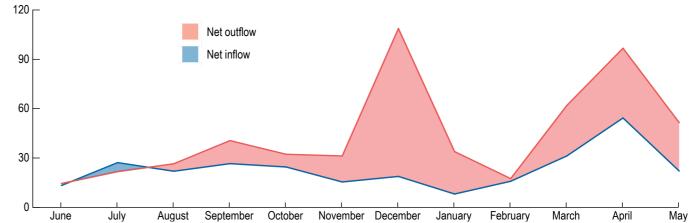
Nguenyyiel Camp	61 %	
Jewi Camp	18 %	
Fugnido Camp	10 %	
Kule Camp	9 %	
Other Camp	2 %	L

#### lote:

- 1. Men, women and children figures presented are percentiles of those permanently leaving/returning
- . In location of displacement in Ethiopi

### **GENERAL MOVEMENT TRENDS**<sup>1</sup>

Average daily movement trends of people permanently leaving (red) and people permanently returning (blue); June 2016 to May 2017



### ARRIVALS

## **Demographic**<sup>1</sup>

of the total inbound boat passengers expressed the intention to permanently return to South Sudan.



### **Desired return locations**

Reported destinations by permanent returnees from Ethiopia to South Sudan:

Akobo County	68 %
Nyirol County	18 %
Uror County	14 %

### Changes in reasons for returning

Most prevalent reasons for returning; February to May 2017:

	February 2017	March 2017	April 2017	May 2017
Returning to home/family	26 %	5 %	16 %	25 %
Lack of work <sup>2</sup>	4 %	22 %	12 %	19 %
Lack of ration card <sup>2</sup>	9 %	31 %	22 %	13 %
Lack of shelter <sup>2</sup>	0 %	0 %	3 %	11 %

# **Reasons for returning**

Reported reasons for returning by permanent returnees from Ethiopia to South Sudan:

Returning home/family	25 %
Lack of work <sup>2</sup>	19 %
Lack of ration card <sup>2</sup>	13 %
Lack of shelter <sup>2</sup>	11 %
Other	10 %
Lack of NFIs <sup>2</sup>	9 %
Personal insecurity <sup>2</sup>	8 %
Lack of educational services <sup>2</sup>	5 % <b>I</b>

# **Methodological notes**

Data has been collected regularly at both Tirgol Port and Market Port since May 2015. Between October and December 2016, port monitors were collecting information from 9am until 7pm, including on weekends, but due to insecurity and other issues, data is not always collected on a consistent daily basis. Between January and March 2017, data was only collected during weekdays but since April 2017, daily data collection was resumed between 9am and 4pm, including weekends. Thus, evenings and holiday movements are unaccounted for.

To correct for this lack of consistency, data presented across time within this factsheet has been normalized by the number of collection days each month. This allows for comparison of data across different months.

Please note that the data presented here is indicative, not representative.



