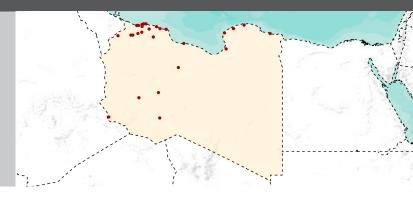
Findings Factsheet: Food & Agriculture Libya REACH Multi-Sector Needs Assessment June 2016



This factsheet is one of a series of sector specific factsheets presenting key indicators on the humanitarian situation in Libya at a glance.

Findings are based on primary data collected in June 2016 from People with Knowledge (PwK) across Libya, as part of a multi-sector needs assessment (MSNA). FAO provided additionnal funding for this round of data collection to ensure that Food and Agriculture indicators could be included.

Data was collected from 550 PwK from 27 municipalities between 12 and 30 June 2015. Due to the purposive selection of PwK, data should only be considered as indicative of the overall situation in assessed areas.



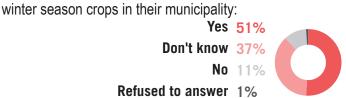
Harvest

43%

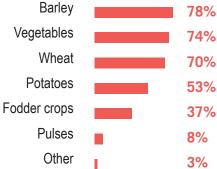
South West East 37% 41% 47%

of PwK reported a smaller harvest compared to last year

37% 41% 47%
Proportion of PwK reporting farming households harvesting



Of those harvesting winter crops, reported types of crops harvested*:



70% South West East 58% 74% 70% of PwK reported that farming households in their municipality were able to sell their agricultural produces

Casual labour

Reported availability of casual labour in their municipality:

Yes but limited 51%
Yes, sufficient 22%
Not available 22%
Don't know 5%



96%South West East 97% 99% 93%

of PwK reported increased wages for casual labour in their municipality.

Livestock

Proportion of PwK reporting sale of livestock in their municipality and price trend in past year*:

	Sold	Price change
Camels	67%	
Goats	69%	
Sheep	95%	
Cattle	76%	
Chicken	82%	

Primary reported reason for those selling livestock:

Income generation 77%
Good price in the market 19%
Lack of resources to keep it 4%



Planting

57%

South West East 55% 46% 66%

of PwK reported that farming households prepared less agricultural land for planting compared to last year

Reported availability of agricultural inputs on the markets:

Yes 48% Don't know 29% No 23%

Constraints

Main reported constraints for farming households in their municipality:

Water shortage	57%
Lack of agricultural labour	55%
Lack of agricultural inputs	38%
Lack of irrigation	28%
Pests and disease	23%
Lack of agricultural tools	21%







^{*} PwK could choose more than one answer